# Christian ${ }^{\text {® }}$ Brothers <br> CONFERENCE 

Lasallian Region of North America
Region Lasallienne de L'Amerique du Nord

# Schools, Educational Centers, Youth and Family Services, and Support Ministries: <br> A Report for the Brothers of the Christian Schools Lasallian Region of North America (RELAN) 2021-2022 Statistical Report 

# February 2023 <br> (As of October 2022) 

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Washington, DC


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# Center for Applied Research in the Apostolate Georgetown University, Washington, DC 

# Schools, Educational Centers, Youth and Family Services, Support Ministries, District and Regional Offices: A Report for the Brothers of the Christian Schools Lasallian Region of North America (RELAN) 2022-2023 Statistical Report 

## Executive Summary

In fall 2011, Christian Brothers Conference (CBC or Conference) in the United States/Toronto Region (now the Lasallian Region of North America or RELAN) engaged the Center for Applied Research in the Apostolate (CARA) at Georgetown University to analyze and prepare an annual report of the characteristics, students, staffing, operations, and services of schools, educational centers, youth and family services, and support ministries in the Lasallian educational network under the leadership of the De La Salle Christian Brothers (Christian Brothers). The first report, presented to CBC in spring 2012, detailed the statistics for the 20112012 academic year and included a directory of all staff in those institutions. This report is a continuation of that research and provides details about those same institutions for the 2022-2023 academic year. For this report, CARA designed a core questionnaire with separate modules for each type of institution, in consultation with CBC. CARA then programmed the questionnaires into an online format, contacted all Lasallian institutions, and administered the survey online. Ninety-five of the 97 ministries responded.

The report is divided into nine parts:

- Part I is an overview of primary and secondary schools, including student characteristics and staffing and faculty information.
- Part II provides data on the postsecondary institutions, highlighting student and staff and faculty data as well as campus ministry and other pastoral ministries at these institutions.
- Part III presents findings from nine of the 11 educational centers, including data on clients and staff.
- Part IV displays findings from youth and family services, including client and staff data.
- Part V briefly summarizes the support ministries.
- Part VI provides District and Regional information.
- Part VII describes the ministries of De La Salle Christian Brothers who are working for non-Lasallian organizations.
- Part VIII is a census of De La Salle Christian Brothers in RELAN.
- Part IX is an appendix containing the six questionnaires used for this census.


## Summary Statistics

The data in this report were collected in six separate surveys, each tailored to the specific ministry sites being surveyed. The data were aggregated across ministry sites, in all cases where appropriate, to provide an overview of the entirety of the services provided by these ministries. CARA standardized question wording across surveys in all cases where appropriate. In some cases, the questionnaires used similar but slightly modified wording. In all cases, however, the combined results provide a broader perspective of the people served and services provided.

In academic year 2022-2023, the ministries of the De La Salle Christian Brothers in the Region provided services to 90,909 people, including 64,727 students at 85 (of the 87 ) elementary schools, secondary schools, postsecondary schools, educational centers, and youth and family services centers. Elementary, secondary, and postsecondary schools awarded $\$ 495,087,088$ in financial aid.

| Summary Statistics for Those Served |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total served | Elementary and Secondary Schools 35,397 | Postsecondary Institutions 26,058 | Educational Centers 28,363 | Youth and Family Services 1,091 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \mathbf{9 0 , 9 0 9} \end{gathered}$ |
| Total students | 35,397 | 26,058 | 2,993 | 279 | 64,727 |
| Total financial aid awarded | \$143,718,235 | \$351,368,853 | - | - | \$495,087,088 |

The ministries of the Christian Brothers in the Region employ 10,936 people. This includes 735 administrators ( 55 are Christian Brothers, which is 7 percent of all administrators). Faculty is the largest proportion of this total, with 5,507 or 50 percent of all employees.

| Summary Statistics for Employees |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Elementary and Secondary Schools | Postsecondary Institutions | Educational Centers | Youth and <br> Family <br> Services | Support Ministries | District and Regional Offices | Total |
| Administrators | 340 | 221 | 59 | 62 | 19 | 34 | 735 |
| Support staff | 788 | 511 | 78 | 53 | 326 | 58 | 1,814 |
| Faculty | 2,641 | 2,711 | 67 | 88 | - | - | 5,507 |
| Non-faculty professionals | 870 | 1,544 | 18 | 65 | - | - | 2,497 |
| Other staff | - | - | 26 | 357 | - | - | 383 |

In addition to the employees summarized in the table above, some employees are dedicated to the pastoral care of those served by ministries of the Christian Brothers of RELAN, either apart from or in addition to their responsibilities described above. Employees in this group include 174 campus ministers ( 12 of whom, or 7 percent, are Christian Brothers), 437 religion/theology faculty members ( 22 of whom, or 5 percent, are Christian Brothers), and 165 additional mission/identity personnel ( 16 of whom, or 10 percent, are Christian Brothers).

Summary Statistics for Those in Pastoral Care Ministries

|  | Elementary and <br> Secondary Schools | Postsecondary <br> Institutions | Educational <br> Centers | Fouth and <br> Family <br> Services | Total <br> Campus ministers <br> Religion/theology <br> faculty <br> Additional <br> mission/identity <br> personnel$\quad 350$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Major Findings

## Elementary and Secondary Schools (2022-2023)

- In total, there are 63 elementary, middle, elementary-high, middle-high and secondary schools in the Lasallian Network of schools. Seven-tenths (70 percent) are owned by the Christian Brothers. The majority of these schools ( 78 percent) are high schools (grades 9 through 12) or middle-high schools (grades 5 to 12), and are coeducational ( 62 percent). About a third are male only ( 36 percent) and one is female only ( 2 percent). Overall, males are 69 percent of all enrolled students, regardless of the gender of the school.
- Just as most schools of the Lasallian Network are high schools or middle-high schools ( 49 of the 63 schools), the largest percentage of students in the Lasallian Network is enrolled in these schools. These schools enroll 32,859 students, 93 percent of the 35,397 total students enrolled in the Lasallian Network.
- Nearly two in three students (64 percent, or 22,793 students) are Roman Catholics. Eight in ten ( 81 percent) are identified as Roman Catholic or as another Christian. The lowest proportion of Roman Catholics is found at the middle school level - with 49 percent of students at that level being Roman Catholic. In comparison, 86 percent of those in elementary schools, 62 percent of those in middle-high schools, and 66 percent of those in high schools are Roman Catholic.
- At least half of students at the elementary school level ( 68 percent), middle-high school level ( 65 percent), and high school level ( 52 percent) are White or Caucasian. One in six students overall is Hispanic or Latino (17 percent), about one in ten is Black or African American ( 12 percent), and one in 20 is Asian or Pacific Islander ( 5 percent). The ethnic background of all of the students at the elementary-high school level are of an unknown background.
- The students at these schools are economically diverse: A total of 5,887 students are eligible for free or reduced-price lunch ( 17 percent of all students). Additionally, 16,607 students ( 47 percent of all students) requested some form of tuition assistance. Of those who requested it, more than 100 percent received some form of tuition assistance. Lasallian Network schools gave $\$ 108,444,107$ in need-based grants, and a total of $\$ 143,718,235$ in total financial aid in the 2022-2023 school year. This is important as the average annual tuition (for those schools that charge tuition) is $\$ 12,428$, with a low of $\$ 250$ and a high of $\$ 26,789$. It costs an average of $\$ 17,773$ to educate a pupil in a Lasallian Network school.
- More than nine in ten schools ( 59 schools or 94 percent) list a president as the chief administrator for the school. Almost one in five of these presidents ( 11 schools, or 18 percent) is a Christian Brother. Most schools have a principal ( 90 percent) and 8 percent of principals are Christian Brothers. A total of 2,641 faculty members is employed by these schools, a slight majority of which are lay men (54 percent). The majority of faculty and staff (70 percent) is White or Caucasian.


## Postsecondary Institutions (2022-2023)

- Seven colleges and universities are included in RELAN (six in the United States and one, Bethlehem University, in Palestine). These schools enroll a total of 26,058 students, nearly two in three of whom are undergraduates ( 65 percent, or 17,012 students). Of these undergraduates, 22 percent are Roman Catholic. At the American colleges and universities, 25 percent of students are Roman Catholic.
- More than half of students are White or Caucasian (54 percent), which includes those identifying as Arab at Bethlehem University. Some 15 percent are Hispanic or Latino and 9 percent are Black or African American. Of the students enrolled in colleges and universities in the United States, 47 percent are White or Caucasian, 17 percent are Hispanic or Latino, 11 percent are Black or African American, and 6 percent are Asian or Pacific Islander.
- Tuition at these colleges and universities ranges from $\$ 2,700$ to $\$ 53,932$, with an average tuition of $\$ 35,411$. For colleges and universities in the United States, the average is higher, $\$ 40,863$. Additionally, colleges and universities charge an average of $\$ 13,653$ for room and board. A total of 17,386 undergraduate and graduate students received tuition assistance - this represents 67 percent of all students (for the colleges responding to the question). In total, colleges and universities in the Region gave about $\$ 351,368,853$ in financial aid, with 37 percent of this aid being need-based grants.
- Of the seven colleges and universities profiled in this report, two are headed by Christian Brothers, four are headed by lay men, and one is headed by a non-Christian Brother male religious/priest. Five percent of administrative staff members (ten people) are Christian Brothers. In total, 2,711 people are on faculty at these colleges and universities, 43 percent of whom are full time. Nearly two in three ( 65 percent) of faculty and staff at American colleges and universities are White or Caucasian, 9 percent are Black or African American, 6 percent are Hispanic or Latino, and 6 percent are Asian or Pacific Islander.
- About one in five ( 22 percent) campus ministers is a Christian Brother. Less than one in 20 (3 percent) religion/theology faculty members is a Christian Brother. Just over one in ten ( 12 percent) mission/identity personnel is a Christian Brother.


## Educational Centers (2021-2022)

- There are 11 educational centers in RELAN, nine of which responded to the survey. Of the nine, six serve as retreat centers, four provide summer camps, four provide adult/family learning centers, and two provide tutoring centers.
- In all, 28,363 people were served by these centers in 2021-2022. Of them, more than seven-tenths ( 20,497 people, or 72 percent) were under the age of 21 at the time of service. Another 28 percent ( 7,866 people) were 21 or older. The centers employ a total of 67 teaching faculty, three of whom ( 6 percent) are Christian Brothers.
- About one in ten administrators is a Christian Brother ( 12 percent), nearly half are lay men ( 47 percent), and another third are lay women ( 32 percent). They employ 18 nonfaculty professionals, 78 percent of whom are employed full time. Seventeen people serve in pastoral ministry. In addition, 54 people serve as unpaid volunteers, all of whom volunteer part time.


## Youth and Family Services (2021-2022)

- Youth and family services are provided at five sites, all operated in the District of Eastern North America (DENA). They offer special education centers (100 percent), counseling and support programs ( 100 percent), adjudicated youth programs ( 40 percent), and group homes (40 percent).
- In total, 1,091 people were served by these programs in 2021-2022. All but 98 of them were under the age of 21 at the time of service. All five sites offer some form of academic credit, the most common of which are diplomas (100 percent). Among those offering credit for courses, almost all ( 99 percent) of those receiving academic credits were in high school. The programs employ a total of 88 teaching faculty, 95 percent of whom teach full time.
- Administrators for these programs are mostly made up of lay women (60 percent) and lay men ( 39 percent). One percent is a Christian Brother. The programs employ 357 direct service staff, almost nine in ten of whom are employed full time ( 88 percent). One person serves in a pastoral ministry position.


## Support Ministries (2021-2022)

- Five support ministries are profiled in this report. At them, 19 people are employed in administrative positions, with three of those administrators being Christian Brothers.
- Another 326 people are employed as office staff at support ministries. About seventenths of these employees ( 72 percent) are lay women.


## District and Regional Offices (2022-2023)

- There are five District offices and one Regional office. A total of 34 administrators are employed by these offices, more than half of whom ( 53 percent or 18 people) are Christian Brothers.
- Another 58 people work as office staff members at District/Regional offices. Nearly a quarter ( 23 percent) are Christian Brothers.


# Center for Applied Research in the Apostolate Georgetown University, Washington, DC 

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## Introduction

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In fall 2012, CBC again approached CARA to conduct a census of ministries in United States and Canada. CARA used the previous two years' surveys as a template and designed five separate survey instruments for data collection, including surveys for: schools (elementary and secondary), colleges and universities (postsecondary), educational centers/youth and family services, support ministries, and Regional and District offices. Additional questions were added where appropriate. Those surveys were repeated for the 2013-2014 school year. For 2014-2015, however, the educational centers and youth and family services surveys were separated into two distinct surveys. This year's report, for the 2022-2023 school year, is the ninth to present those findings in separate sections.

CARA programmed the surveys online and generated a unique ID and password for each ministry. CARA then contacted each ministry via email, explaining the study and outlining how to respond to the survey online. CARA and CBC conducted several rounds of follow-up contacts with non-respondents to ensure the highest response rate possible. In addition, the Directors of Education in each District were given access to a secure dashboard with their ministries' response information, and encouraged to prompt non-responding ministries to complete the survey. The results of these surveys are contained in this report.

## Interpreting the Report

In addition to summarizing the responses to each question for the responding ministries as a whole, the report also compares the responses by District.

Because nearly all of the schools and ministries have been surveyed and responded, statistical inference has limited meaning in the present context. For all practical purposes, the results presented in this report can be interpreted as representing a population, not a sample. ${ }^{1}$ Differences among Districts in this report may be assumed to reflect real differences that exist in the population.

## Overview of Ministries and Offices

| Ministry Type | Total Number |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Elementary and Secondary Schools | $\mathbf{6 3}$ |  |
| Elementary Schools |  | 4 |
| Middle Schools |  | 9 |
| Elementary-High Schools | 7 |  |
| Middle-High Schools |  | 42 |
| High Schools | 7 |  |
| Higher Education | 9 | 5 |
| Educational Centers | 5 |  |
| Youth and Family Services | 5 |  |
| Support Ministries | 94 |  |
| District and Regional Offices |  |  |
| Total |  |  |

[^0]
## Part I: Elementary and Secondary Schools

Part I covers elementary and secondary schools only. Please note that the District of Francophone Canada does not operate any elementary or secondary schools and is therefore not included in this section.

## Year Schools Established

Among the 63 schools in RELAN, just under three in ten ( 28 percent) were founded before 1900, half ( 50 percent) were founded in the 1900s, and 22 percent were founded since 2000. The oldest, founded in 1845, is Calvert Hall College High School in Baltimore, Maryland. The most recently founded is Cristo Rey De La Salle East Bay High School in Oakland, California, founded in 2016. The average year the colleges or universities were founded was 1936.

| Year of Founding |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |
| 1800 to 1849 | $\mathbf{N}^{*}$ |  |
| 1850 to 1899 | 16 | $3 \%$ |
| 1900 to 1949 | 13 | $21 \%$ |
| 1950 to 1999 | 18 | $29 \%$ |
| 2000 to present | 14 | $22 \%$ |
| Total |  |  |
| *Throughout this report, $N$ |  |  |
| refers to the number of all |  |  |
| schools fitting in that category |  |  |
| and $\%$ to the percentage of all |  |  |
| schools fitting in that category. |  |  |

## Differences by District

- DENA schools' average year of establishment was 1924, with its 27 schools established between 1845 and 2004.
- The Midwest District schools' average year of establishment was 1943 , with its 15 schools established between 1850 and 2004.
- The SFNO District schools' average year of establishment was 1948. Its 21 schools were established between 1852 and 2016.


## Canonical Ownership of Schools

Schools were asked to identify their canonical ownership. The following parameters were given to respondents:

1. Christian Brothers: refers to schools for which a District of the Institute of the Brothers of the Christian Schools has canonical responsibility.
2. Diocese: refers to schools for which a diocese has canonical responsibility (that is, both diocesan and parish schools).
3. Other: neither Christian Brother nor diocesan; this category includes schools for which another religious institute or organization has canonical responsibility.

Seven-tenths of schools (70 percent) are canonically owned by the De La Salle Christian Brothers. ${ }^{2}$

| Which of the following terms best describes the <br> ownership or canonical sponsorship of this school? |  |
| :--- | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ |

Six of those schools categorized as "other" identify as private and independent schools. Some schools categorized as "other" further clarified their responses, ${ }^{3}$ writing in:

- Co-endorsed by the Christian Brothers and three other religious organizations
- Single-tiered Board of Governors, Catholicity affirmed by the Bishop based on the LMAP
- The school is endorsed by the De La Salle Christian Brothers, the Jesuits and the Society of the Holy Child Jesus

[^1]
## Differences by District ${ }^{4}$

DENA has largest proportion of schools, with 43 percent. SFNO is second, with 33 percent of all schools, followed by the Midwest District, with 24 percent of all schools.


[^2]The Christian Brothers have canonical responsibility for 90 percent of the schools in the SFNO District, compared to 67 percent of schools in the Midwest District and 56 percent of schools in DENA.

| Please choose the appropriate entity with canonical responsibility for the school. Number and percentage by District |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District | Canonical Responsibility | N | \% |
| DENA | Christian Brothers | 15 | 24\% |
|  | Diocesan | 5 | 8\% |
|  | Other | 7 | 11\% |
| Midwest | Christian Brothers | 10 | 16\% |
|  | Diocesan | 3 | 5\% |
|  | Other | 2 | 3\% |
| SFNO | Christian Brothers | 19 | 30\% |
|  | Diocesan | 2 | 3\% |
|  | Other | 0 | 0\% |
| Total: |  | 63 | 100\% |

## Level of School

Each school was asked to classify itself according to the grade levels offered at the school. Almost eight in ten schools ( 79 percent) report having grades 9 through 12. One in 20 or fewer schools includes grades below grade 4.

Please indicate which grade levels are included in this school.

|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | \% |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Pre-school | 1 | $2 \%$ |
| Kindergarten | 2 | $3 \%$ |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ Grade | 2 | $3 \%$ |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ Grade | 2 | $3 \%$ |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ Grade | 3 | $5 \%$ |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ Grade | 5 | $8 \%$ |
| $5^{\text {th }}$ Grade | 11 | $17 \%$ |
| $6^{\text {th }}$ Grade | 18 | $29 \%$ |
| $7^{\text {th }}$ Grade | 21 | $33 \%$ |
| $8^{\text {th }}$ Grade | 23 | $37 \%$ |
| $9^{\text {th }}$ Grade | 50 | $79 \%$ |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ Grade | 50 | $79 \%$ |
| $11^{\text {th }}$ Grade | 50 | $79 \%$ |
| $12^{\text {th }}$ Grade | 50 | $79 \%$ |

## Comparisons to Previous Years

Schools were categorized into four categories. ${ }^{5}$ The number of schools at each level during the 2022-2023 can be seen in the table below, which compares the level of schools from this year's survey to last year's survey.

| Level of School |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2021-2022 |  | 2022-2023 |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Elementary school | 4 | 6\% | 4 | 6\% |
| Middle school | 9 | 14\% | 9 | 14\% |
| Elementary-high school | 1 | 2\% | 1 | $2 \%$ |
| Middle-high school | 7 | 11\% | 7 | 11\% |
| High school | 42 | 67\% | 42 | 67\% |
| Total | 63 | 100\% | 63 | 100\% |

- Two in three are high schools (67 percent). Just like last year, high schools make up the majority of Christian Brothers schools.
- About a quarter of schools combined (27 percent) are either a middle school (14 percent), elementary-high school ( 2 percent), or a middle-high school (11 percent). One in 20 is an elementary school ( 6 percent).

[^3]
## Differences by District

The level of schools by District is displayed below. Two of the four elementary schools are in SFNO. Proportionate to its elementary and high schools, DENA contains the most middle schools ( 22 percent of all DENA schools) and middle-high schools ( 19 percent of all DENA schools). SFNO contains, proportionately, the most high schools ( 81 percent of all SFNO schools), followed by the Midwest District ( 73 percent) and DENA ( 52 percent).

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | Level of School, by District <br> Number and percentage by District |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathbf{N}$ |  |
|  |  | 1 | $2 \%$ |
| DENA | Elementary school | 6 | $10 \%$ |
|  | Middle school | 1 | $2 \%$ |
|  | Elementary-high school | 5 | $8 \%$ |
|  | Middle-high school | 14 | $22 \%$ |
|  | High school | 1 | $2 \%$ |
| Midwest | Elementary school | 2 | $3 \%$ |
|  | Middle school | 0 | $0 \%$ |
|  | Elementary-high school | 1 | $2 \%$ |
|  | Middle-high school | 11 | $17 \%$ |
|  | High school | 2 | $3 \%$ |
| SFNO | Elementary school | 1 | $2 \%$ |
|  | Middle school | 0 | $0 \%$ |
|  | Elementary-high school | 1 | $2 \%$ |
|  | Middle-high school | 17 | $27 \%$ |
|  | High school |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathbf{6 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |
| Total |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## Single and Coeducational

About a third of schools ( 36 percent) are male only and 2 percent (one school) are female only, while 62 percent are coeducational.


Eighteen of the 24 single gender schools are high schools ( 75 percent), one of which is a female only school. No single-gender schools are at the elementary school level. ${ }^{6}$


[^4]
## San Miguel and Cristo Rey Schools

About one-fifth of schools combined ( 22 percent) in the Lasallian Network is either a San Miguel (16 percent) or Cristo Rey ( 6 percent) school.

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Is this school a San Miguel or Cristo Rey School? |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\%$ |
| Yes, San Miguel | 10 | $16 \%$ |
| Yes, Cristo Rey | 4 | $6 \%$ |
| No | 49 | $78 \%$ |
|  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

- In DENA, there are four San Miguel middle schools, one San Miguel elementary school, and one Cristo Rey high school.
- Among Midwest District schools, there are three San Miguel schools, one at the elementary level and two at the middle school level.
- In SFNO, there is one San Miguel school at the elementary school level and one at the middle school level. In addition, there are three Cristo Rey high schools.


## International Students

Just over four-tenths of schools ( 44 percent or 28 schools) have international students, that is students who came to this country specifically to attend school.


- In DENA, four of the high schools and four of the middle-high schools have international students.
- Among Midwest District schools, one middle-high school and nine high schools have international students.
- In SFNO, ten high schools have international students.

All but five of the 28 schools that have international students are secondary schools (82 percent). Ten of the schools each are in SFNO, ten are in the Midwest District, and eight are in DENA.

## Percentage of Schools with International Students By District and Level of School

|  | Elementary | Middle |  | Elementary- |  | Middle-High |  | High |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | School |  | School |  | High School |  | School |  | School |  |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\boldsymbol{\%}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\boldsymbol{\%}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ |
| DENA | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ | 4 | $80 \%$ | 4 | $17 \%$ |
| Midwest | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ | 1 | $20 \%$ | 9 | $39 \%$ |
| SFNO | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ | 10 | $43 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 3}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 \%}$ |

## Boarding Students

Three schools ( 5 percent) report having boarding students at their facilities. They are located in all three Districts.


- In DENA, one high school has boarding students.
- Among Midwest District schools, one high school has boarding students.
- In SFNO, one high school has boarding students.


## Waiting Lists to Get into Schools

Sixteen schools ( 25 percent) report that they have a waiting list to get into their schools. In comparison, 37 percent of Catholic schools nationally have a waiting list. ${ }^{7}$


- In DENA, ten schools have waiting lists, four at the middle school level, one at the elementary-high school level, three at the middle-high school level, and two at the high school level.
- Six schools in SFNO have waiting lists as well, one at the elementary school level and five at the high school level.

[^5]
## Number of Students

The total number of students in all elementary through secondary schools in the Lasallian Network is 35,397 . Of those students, 31,474 , or 88 percent, are in grades 9 through 12 .

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number and Percentage of |  |  |
| Students by Grade |  |  |
| Enrollment figures as of |  |  |
| September 30, 2022 |  |  |

## Differences by Level of School

About three in four students attend a high school (78 percent), with an additional 15 percent attending a middle-high school.


## Differences by District

DENA has the largest proportion of students overall: four in ten are within DENA (41 percent), while about a third are in SFNO (35 percent) and a quarter are in the Midwest District (24 percent).

Number of Students in the School by District

|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $41 \%$ |
| DENA | 14,556 | $24 \%$ |
| Midwest | 8,528 | $35 \%$ |
| SFNO | 12,313 |  |
|  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 5 , 3 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

## Gender of Students

Seven in ten students at schools in the Lasallian Network are male (69 percent), while three in ten are female ( 31 percent).


## Differences by Level of School

Seven-tenths of students in high schools are male (71 percent), with the remaining threetenths female ( 29 percent).

| Gender of Students, by Level of School |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Males |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\%$ | Females |  |
|  | 680 | $64 \%$ | 384 | $36 \%$ |
| Elementary school | 562 | $78 \%$ | 163 | $22 \%$ |
| Middle school | 344 | $46 \%$ | 405 | $54 \%$ |
| Elementary-high school | 3,154 | $58 \%$ | 2,275 | $42 \%$ |
| Middle-high school | 19,510 | $71 \%$ | 7,920 | $29 \%$ |
| High school |  |  |  |  |
| Total of all students | $\mathbf{2 4 , 2 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 1 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 \%}$ |

- Almost six in ten middle-high school students are male ( 58 percent) and about four in ten are female (42 percent).
- The majority of elementary-high students are female ( 54 percent), with the remaining students identified as male ( 46 percent).
- About eight-tenths of middle school students are male (78 percent) and about a fifth are female (22 percent).
- Almost two in three elementary school students are male ( 64 percent) and just over a third are female (36 percent).


## Differences by District

In all Districts, the percentage of males is larger than that of females. This is particularly true of schools in DENA, where three in four are male ( 74 percent) and a quarter are female (26 percent).


Eight in ten DENA high school students ( 81 percent) are male compared to about twothirds of SFNO high school students ( 66 percent) and Midwest high school students ( 65 percent).

| Gender of Student by District and Level of School <br> Number and percentage reported |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\frac{\text { Elementary }}{\text { School }}$ |  | Middle |  | Elementary- <br> High School |  | Middle- <br> High <br> School |  | High School |  |
|  |  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| DENA | Male | 42 | 51\% | 409 | 81\% | 344 | 46\% | 2,325 | 61\% | 7,586 | 81\% |
|  | Female | 41 | 49\% | 99 | 19\% | 405 | 54\% | 1,515 | 39\% | 1,790 | 19\% |
| Midwest | Male | 32 | 48\% | 81 | 56\% | - | - | 589 | 51\% | 4,684 | 65\% |
|  | Female | 34 | 52\% | 64 | 44\% | - | - | 563 | 49\% | 2,481 | 35\% |
| SFNO | Male | 606 | 66\% | 72 | 100\% | - | - | 240 | 55\% | 7,240 | 66\% |
|  | Female | 309 | 34\% | 0 | 0\% | - | - | 197 | 45\% | 3,649 | 34\% |
| Total |  | 1,064 | 3\% | 725 | 2\% | 749 | $2 \%$ | 5,429 | 15\% | 27,430 | 77\% |

- Six in ten DENA middle-high school students (61 percent) are male, compared to just over half of SFNO (55 percent) middle-high school and Midwest District middle-high school students (51 percent).
- A majority of elementary-high school students are female (54 percent).
- All SFNO District (100 percent) middle school students are male, compared to eight in ten DENA middle school students ( 81 percent) and more than half of Midwest middle school students (56 percent).
- Two in three SFNO elementary school students (66 percent) are male, compared to about half of DENA (51 percent) and Midwest District (48 percent) elementary students.


## Student to Faculty Ratio

A student to faculty ratio at RELAN schools can be calculated by comparing the total number of students reported at each school to the total number of faculty reported. The overall RELAN school student to faculty ratio is approximately 13:1, slightly higher than the student to faculty ratio reported at all Catholic schools nationally (12:1).

The table below shows the approximate student to faculty ratios at the elementary and secondary levels for RELAN, compared to those for Catholic schools nationally. ${ }^{8}$ As can be seen, RELAN schools have a lower student to faculty ratio at the elementary school level (which includes middle schools), but a higher one at the secondary level (which includes all middle-high schools and high schools).

## Student to Faculty Ratio

| Lasallian Network |  | Catholic Schools |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Schools | $\underline{\text { Nationally }}{ }^{\mathbf{3}}$ |  |  |
| Elementary | Secondary | Elementary | Secondary |
| $10: 1$ | $14: 1$ | $12: 1$ | $10: 1$ |
|  |  |  |  |

[^6]
## Religious Preference of Students

Nearly two in three students are identified as Roman Catholic (64 percent). Four in five (81 percent) are identified as Roman Catholic ( 64 percent) or as another Christian ( 17 percent).


- One in 20 students identifies as either Jewish (1 percent), Muslim (less than 1 percent), or as some "other faith" ( 5 percent).
- Combined, about one in ten (13 percent) students' religious preference either is not declared ( 9 percent) or as nothing in particular ( 4 percent).


## Comparisons to Catholic Schools Nationally

At all Catholic schools nationally for the 2021-2022 school year, 74 percent are Catholic, 20 percent of students are non-Catholic, and 6 percent of students' religious identification are unknown. ${ }^{10}$ In comparison, at Lasallian network schools, 64 percent of all students are Catholic, 23 percent of students are non-Catholic, and 13 percent of students' religious identification is unknown or nothing in particular.

[^7]
## Differences by Level of School

The table below presents the religious preference of students by level of school. Half or more students in RELAN elementary schools ( 86 percent), high schools ( 66 percent), middlehigh schools ( 62 percent), and middle schools (49 percent) are identified as Roman Catholic. In addition, roughly one in six students is identified as an "other Christian" at high schools (19 percent), middle schools ( 15 percent), elementary schools (13 percent), and middle-high schools (9 percent).


One hundred percent of the religious preference of students at the elementary-high school level are not declared. The second highest percentage of undeclared preferences are at the middle school level (28 percent).

## Comparisons to Catholic Schools Nationally

At all Catholic schools nationally for the 2021-2022 school year, 19 percent of elementary school students (which includes middle schools) are non-Catholic and 24 percent of secondary school students (which includes middle-high schools) are non-Catholic. ${ }^{11}$ In comparison, at Lasallian Network schools, 16 percent of all elementary students are non-Catholic and 23 percent of all secondary students are non-Catholic.

[^8]
## Differences by District

More than six in ten students in all three Districts are Roman Catholic ( 62 to 67 percent).

| Student Religious Preference by District Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DENA |  | Midwest |  | SFNO |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| Roman Catholic | 8,986 | 62\% | 5,592 | 66\% | 8,215 | 67\% |
| Other Christian | 2,156 | 15\% | 1,533 | 18\% | 2,313 | 19\% |
| Jewish | 35 | <1\% | 39 | 1\% | 148 | 1\% |
| Muslim | 67 | 1\% | 28 | <1\% | 55 | <1\% |
| Other faith | 702 | 5\% | 589 | 7\% | 337 | $3 \%$ |
| Nothing in particular | 175 | 1\% | 312 | 4\% | 979 | 8\% |
| Not declared | 2,435 | 17\% | 435 | 5\% | 266 | $2 \%$ |
| Total | 14,556 | 100\% | 8,528 | 100\% | 12,313 | 100\% |

- Considering just those students identified with a faith tradition (other Christian, Jewish, Muslim, other faith), 21 to 26 percent of the students can be categorized as non-Catholic students identifying with another faith: 21 percent in DENA, 23 percent in SFNO, and 26 percent in the Midwest District.
- DENA has a combined 18 percent of its students either "nothing in particular" or "not declared," compared to 10 percent of SFNO students and 9 percent of students of the Midwest District.


## Ethnic Backgrounds of Students

Overall, students are most likely to be identified as White or Caucasian (52 percent). In addition, at least one in 20 is identified as Hispanic or Latino (17 percent), Black or African American (12 percent), or Asian or Pacific Islander (5 percent). Six percent are identified as biracial or multiracial and 7 percent as a race and/or ethnicity not listed here.


## Differences by Level of School

Hispanic or Latinos make up the majority of students at the middle school level (62 percent) levels. In addition, more than one in ten students at the high school (17 percent) and elementary school (14 percent) levels are identified as Hispanic or Latino.

|  | Ethnicity of Students <br> Number and percentage reported in RELAN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | High School |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Elementary School |  | Middle <br> School |  | ElementaryHigh School |  | Middle-High School |  |  |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 33 | 3\% | 85 | 12\% | 0 | 0\% | 157 | 3\% | 1,497 | 5\% |
| Black or African American | 54 | 5\% | 172 | 24\% | 0 | 0\% | 296 | 5\% | 3,844 | 14\% |
| Hispanic or Latino | 152 | 14\% | 449 | 62\% | 0 | 0\% | 511 | 9\% | 4,774 | 17\% |
| Native American or Inuit | 62 | 6\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 34 | 1\% | 115 | <1\% |
| White or Caucasian | 725 | 68\% | 7 | 1\% | 0 | 0\% | 3,519 | 65\% | 14,284 | 52\% |
| Biracial or multiracial | 38 | 4\% | 12 | 2\% | 0 | 0\% | 237 | 4\% | 1,830 | 7\% |
| A race and/or ethnicity not listed here | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 749 | 100\% | 675 | 12\% | 1,086 | 4\% |
| Total | 1,064 | 100\% | 725 | 100\% | 749 | 100\% | 5,429 | 100\% | 27,430 | 100\% |

- A majority of the students at the elementary school (68 percent), middle-high school (65 percent) and high school ( 52 percent) levels are identified as White or Caucasian.
- Students at the middle school level have the highest proportion of Black or African American students ( 24 percent), followed by the high school level (14 percent).
- All of the students at the elementary-high school level are uncategorized (100 percent).
- Asians or Pacific Islanders reach their highest proportions among RELAN schools at the middle school level (12 percent).


## Comparisons to Catholic Schools Nationally

Compared to students at Catholic elementary schools nationally, Lasallian Network elementary schools are more likely to have Hispanics or Latinos - (19 percent nationally compared to 34 percent among Lasallian schools) and are less likely to have reported White or Caucasian students ( 53 percent nationally compared to 41 percent among Lasallian schools). Lasallian secondary schools are mostly similar to the national data.

# Comparison of Ethnicity of Students to Catholic Schools Nationally <br> Percentage reported in RELAN and Nationally 

|  | Lasallian Network <br> Elementary |  | Catholic Schools Nationally ${ }^{\mathbf{1 2}}$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Secondary | Elementary | Secondary |  |  |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | $7 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| Black or African American | $13 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| Hispanic or Latino | $34 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| Native American or Inuit | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| White or Caucasian <br> Biracial or multiracial | $41 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $51 \%$ |
| A race and/or ethnicity not <br> listed here | $3 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| Total | $0 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

[^9]
## Differences by District

Students in the SFNO District have the most ethnic diversity, with just under half White or Caucasian ( 45 percent), a quarter of Hispanic or Latino origin ( 26 percent), and about one in ten biracial or multiracial (10 percent), Asian or Pacific Islander (9 percent) or Black or African American (7 percent).

| Ethnicity of Students <br> Number and percentage reported by District |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{\text { DENA }}{\mathbf{N}}$ | \% | $\frac{\text { Midwest }}{\mathrm{N}}$ | \% | $\frac{\text { SFNO }}{N}$ | \% |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 472 | $3 \%$ | 209 | 2\% | 1,091 | 9\% |
| Black or African American | 2,322 | 16\% | 1,175 | 14\% | 869 | 7\% |
| Hispanic or Latino | 1,456 | 10\% | 1,190 | 14\% | 3,240 | 26\% |
| Native American or Inuit | 26 | <1\% | 94 | 1\% | 91 | 1\% |
| White or Caucasian | 7,838 | 54\% | 5,191 | 61\% | 5,506 | 45\% |
| Biracial or multiracial | 536 | 4\% | 389 | 5\% | 1,192 | 10\% |
| A race and/or ethnicity not listed here | 1,906 | 13\% | 280 | $3 \%$ | 324 | 3\% |
| Total | 14,556 | 100\% | 8,528 | 100\% | 12,313 | 100\% |

- Six-tenths of students in the Midwest District are identified as White or Caucasian (61 percent), with sizable student populations identified as Hispanic or Latino (14 percent) and Black or African American (14 percent).
- More than half of DENA students are identified as White or Caucasian (54 percent), with sizable student populations identified as Black or African American (16 percent) or Hispanic or Latino (10 percent).


## Free or Reduced Lunch Program

One in ten schools does not have any students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch (10 percent). One to 25 percent of students are eligible for free or reduced-price lunch at a combined 50 percent of schools (adding rows two, three and four in the table below).

| Free or Reduced-Price Lunch <br> Number and percentage of schools with students who qualify for free or reduced-price lunch program whether the school participates in the program or not ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N | \% |
| No students eligible | 6 | 10\% |
| 5 percent of students or fewer | 7 | 11\% |
| 6 to 10 percent of students | 14 | 22\% |
| 11 to 25 percent of students | 11 | 17\% |
| 26 to 50 percent of students | 8 | 13\% |
| 51 to 75 percent of students | 5 | 8\% |
| 76 percent or more students | 12 | 19\% |

- Twenty-six to 50 percent of students are eligible for free or reduced-price lunch at more than one in ten schools in the Lasallian Network (13 percent).
- Fifty-one to 75 percent of students are eligible for free or reduced-price lunch at almost one in ten schools in the Lasallian Network (8 percent).
- Seventy-six percent or more of students are eligible for free or reduced-price lunch at two in ten schools in the Lasallian Network (19 percent). Five of these schools have 100 percent of their students eligible.

[^10]A total of 5,887 students (17 percent) in schools in the Lasallian Network are eligible for free or reduced-price lunch programs. This is less than the estimate of 13 percent of students eligible for free or reduced-price lunches at Catholic schools nationally. ${ }^{14}$


[^11]
## Differences by Level of School

About eight in ten students in Lasallian Network middle schools (82 percent) are eligible for free or reduced-price lunch programs.

| Students Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Lunch |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number and percentage by Level of School |

- Just over a fifth of students (22 percent) in elementary schools are eligible for the free or reduced-price lunch programs.
- No students at the elementary-high school level are eligible for the free or reduced-price lunch program.
- One in 20 students at the middle-high school (6 percent) levels is eligible for the free or reduced-price lunch programs.
- One in six students (17 percent) in high school is eligible for free or reduced-price lunches.


## Differences by District

Students in the Midwest District are most likely to be eligible for free or reduced price lunches ( 20 percent), followed by those in SFNO ( 18 percent) and DENA ( 13 percent).
$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \begin{array}{c}\text { Students Eligible for Free or } \\ \text { Reduced Price Lunches } \\ \text { Number and percentage by District }\end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c}\text { Percentage of } \\ \text { all students in }\end{array} \\ & \mathbf{N} \\ \text { that district }\end{array}\right\}$

Almost four in ten of all students eligible for free or reduced lunch programs are at schools in SFNO (38 percent). About three in ten of students at schools in the DENA (33 percent) and the Midwest District ( 29 percent) are eligible.


## Tuition Assistance

About half of all students ( 16,607 students or 47 percent) requested any form of needsbased tuition assistance. Of those students, more than 100 percent ( 17,405 students) received some form of tuition assistance. As is shown in the table below, roughly a quarter of schools say that all or nearly all students requested tuition assistance ( 29 percent) and received tuition assistance ( 25 percent).

## Needs-based Tuition Assistance Requested and Received <br> Number and percentage of schools responding

|  | Requested Any Form <br> of Tuition Assistance | Received Any Form <br> of Tuition Assistance |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\%$ |
| No financial aid | 2 | $3 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |
| A few (1 to 24\%) | 9 | $14 \%$ | 5 | $8 \%$ |
| Some (25 to 49\%) | 10 | $16 \%$ | 20 | $32 \%$ |
| Many (50 to 74\%) | 17 | $27 \%$ | 11 | $17 \%$ |
| Most (75 to 90\%) | 4 | $6 \%$ | 8 | $13 \%$ |
| All or nearly all (91\% or more) | 18 | $29 \%$ | 16 | $25 \%$ |

## Differences by Level of School

Nearly all students in middle schools requested ( 99.9 percent) and received ( 99.6 percent) needs-based tuition assistance. In elementary schools, a third of students requested and received tuition assistance ( 34 percent each). In elementary-high schools, less than one in 20 requested ( 4 percent) and received assistance ( 2 percent). In middle-high schools, a third requested assistance (34 percent) and four-tenths received it (41 percent). At high schools, about half of students overall requested ( 50 percent) and received ( 52 percent) tuition assistance.

| Students Requesting and Receiving Tuition Assistance |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Requesting |  | Receiving |  |
|  | Total | Percentage of Students | Total | Percentage of Students in that Level of School |
| Elementary school | 362 | 34\% | 358 | 34\% |
| Middle school | 710 | 99.9\% | 722 | 99.6\% |
| Elementary-high school | 29 | 4\% | 18 | 2\% |
| Middle-high school | 1,772 | 34\% | 2,174 | 41\% |
| High school | 13,734 | 50\% | 14,133 | 52\% |
| Total | 16,607 | 47\% | 17,405 | 49\% |

## Differences by District

Four-tenths of students in DENA requested need-based tuition assistance (40 percent) and about half received tuition assistance ( 52 percent).

| Students Requesting and Receiving Tuition Assistance |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Requesting |  | Receiving |  |
|  |  | Percentage Students in |  | Percentage of Students in that |
|  | N | District | N | District |
| DENA | 5,877 | 40\% | 7,542 | 52\% |
| Midwest | 5,078 | 60\% | 4,474 | 52\% |
| SFNO | 5,652 | 46\% | 5,389 | 44\% |
| Total | 16,607 | 47\% | 17,405 | 49\% |

- In the Midwest District, six-tenths requested need-based tuition assistance (60 percent) and about half ( 52 percent) received tuition assistance.
- Nearly half of students in the SFNO District requested tuition assistance (46 percent) and received tuition assistance (44 percent).

The two figures below compare the number of students requesting and receiving tuition assistance in each District.



## Amount of Need-based Tuition Assistance Requested

In total, schools received requests for $\$ 113,781,648$ in need-based tuition assistance. High schools received 79 percent of those requests, with middle-high schools receiving an additional 10 percent of those requests.

| Total Amount of Any Form of Need-based Assistance Requested by District and Level of School |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Elementary School | Middle School | ElementaryHigh School | MiddleHigh School | High School | Total |
| DENA | \$0 | \$10,057,105 | \$30,360 | \$4,901,648 | \$16,990,843 | \$31,979,956 |
| Midwest | \$138,000 | \$129,000 | - | \$2,850,000 | \$23,498,976 | \$26,615,976 |
| SFNO | \$3,560,710 | \$1,600,000 | - | \$450,000 | \$49,575,006 | \$55,185,716 |
| Total | \$3,698,710 | \$11,786,105 | \$30,360 | \$8,201,648 | \$90,064,825 | \$113,781,648 |
| Percentage | $3 \%$ | 10\% | 0\% | 7\% | 79\% |  |

Students in SFNO schools requested 49 percent of all need-based assistance. Students in DENA schools requested 28 percent and students in the Midwest District requested 23 percent of all need-based assistance.


## Tuition

All schools report charging at least some tuition, with the average annual base tuition being $\$ 12,428$. Half of schools charge $\$ 13,750$ or less and half charge $\$ 13,750$ or more. The range is very wide, from a low tuition charge of $\$ 250$ to a high charge of $\$ 26,789$.
[Of those schools that charge tuition] what is the current base tuition? This is the "base tuition" including fees for a student who is the only student from a given family and before allowances and discounts.

| Mean | $\$ 12,428$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Median | $\$ 13,750$ |
| Minimum | $\$ 250$ |
| Maximum | $\$ 26,789$ |

## Comparison to Catholic Schools Nationally

For 2021-2022 Catholic elementary schools (K-8) nationally, the average tuition was $\$ 5,417$. In comparison, the average tuition at Lasallian Network elementary schools (which includes middle schools) is $\$ 4,917, \$ 500$ less than the national average. For Catholic secondary schools (including all middle-high schools and all high schools) nationally, the average tuition was $\$ 11,856, \$ .{ }^{15}$ In comparison, the average Lasallian Network secondary school tuition is $\$ 14,588, \$ 2,732$ more than the national average.

## Differences by Level of School

The average base tuition for high schools is $\$ 14,533$, with half of high schools charging $\$ 14,420$ or less. The minimum tuition charge for high schools is $\$ 710$, and the maximum is \$26,789.

## Tuition Charges by Level of School

|  | Mean | Median | Minimum | Maximum | that Responded |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Elementary school | $\$ 2,479$ | $\$ 658$ | $\$ 250$ | $\$ 8,350$ | 4 |
| Middle school | $\$ 6,001$ | $\$ 800$ | $\$ 500$ | $\$ 25,100$ | 9 |
| Elementary-high school | $\$ 4,185$ | $\$ 4,185$ | $\$ 4,185$ | $\$ 4,185$ | 1 |
| Middle/high school | $\$ 14,921$ | $\$ 16,100$ | $\$ 10,504$ | $\$ 16,625$ | 7 |
| High school | $\$ 14,533$ | $\$ 14,420$ | $\$ 710$ | $\$ 26,789$ | 42 |

[^12]
## Differences by District

DENA has the highest average tuition $(\$ 12,474)$, followed closely by the Midwest District (\$12,462).

## Tuition Charges by District

|  | Mean | Median | Minimum | Maximum | Number of Schools <br> that Responded |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| DENA | $\$ 12,474$ | $\$ 13,950$ | $\$ 250$ | $\$ 25,550$ | 27 |
| Midwest | $\$ 12,462$ | $\$ 14,640$ | $\$ 500$ | $\$ 19,310$ | 15 |
| SFNO | $\$ 12,343$ | $\$ 12,180$ | $\$ 710$ | $\$ 26,789$ | 21 |

## Differences by Cristo Rey/San Miguel Schools

On average, San Miguel schools charge about \$698 in tuition, compared to about \$1,342 for Cristo Rey schools and $\$ 15,726$ for all other schools. All Cristo Rey students work one day per week to offset tuition costs.

|  | Tuition Charges by School Type |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Mumber of Schools |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | Median | Minimum | Maximum | that Responded |  |
| San Miguel | $\$ 698$ | $\$ 734$ | $\$ 250$ | $\$ 1,100$ | 10 |
| Cristo Rey | $\$ 1,342$ | $\$ 1,079$ | $\$ 710$ | $\$ 2,500$ | 4 |
| Neither | $\$ 15,726$ | $\$ 15,500$ | $\$ 4,185$ | $\$ 26,789$ | 49 |

## Cost per Student

On average, it costs schools $\$ 17,773$ to educate each student. For half of schools, the cost per student is $\$ 17,380$ or less, and for the other half, the cost is $\$ 17,380$ or more. The lowest cost per student listed is $\$ 3,735$, and the highest is $\$ 30,900$. ${ }^{16}$


## Comparison to Catholic Schools Nationally

- The cost per student for elementary schools (which includes middle schools) in the Lasallian Network is, on average, $\$ 21,249$, which is $\$ 13,432$ more than the $\$ 7,817$ average cost per student for Catholic elementary schools nationally.
- The average cost per student for secondary schools (which includes all middle-high schools) in the Lasallian Network is $\$ 17,097$, which is $\$ 1,051$ less than the $\$ 18,148$ average cost per student for Catholic secondary schools nationally. ${ }^{17}$

[^13]
## Differences by Level of School

The average per student cost for high schools is $\$ 17,253$. The minimum cost per student for high schools is $\$ 10,404$ and the maximum is $\$ 27,657$. The average cost per student is highest for middle schools $(\$ 23,069)$.

| Cost per Student by Level of School |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mean | Median | Minimum | Maximum | Number of Schools |
| Elementary school | \$17,155 | \$14,359 | \$9,000 | \$30,900 | 4 |
| Middle school | \$23,069 | \$24,800 | \$12,681 | \$30,000 | 9 |
| Elementary-high school | \$3,735 | \$3,735 | \$3,735 | \$3,735 | 1 |
| Middle/high school | \$16,053 | \$15,440 | \$13,488 | \$19,979 | 6 |
| High school | \$17,253 | \$17,217 | \$10,404 | \$27,657 | 40 |

## Differences by District

DENA $(\$ 18,396)$ has the highest average cost per student, followed by SFNO $(\$ 17,882)$ and the Midwest District $(\$ 16,627)$.

## Cost per Student by District

|  | Mean | Median | Minimum | Maximum | Number of <br> Schools |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| DENA | $\$ 18,396$ | $\$ 17,036$ | $\$ 3,735$ | $\$ 30,000$ | 24 |
| Midwest | $\$ 16,627$ | $\$ 17,500$ | $\$ 9,000$ | $\$ 20,656$ | 15 |
| SFNO | $\$ 17,882$ | $\$ 17,260$ | $\$ 9,268$ | $\$ 30,900$ | 21 |

## Differences by Cristo Rey/San Miguel Schools

San Miguel schools have the highest average cost per student (\$21,020), followed by Cristo Rey schools $(\$ 20,212)$ and all other schools $(\$ 16,856)$.

| Cost per Student by School Type |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
|  | Mean | Median | Minimum | Maximum | Number of <br> Schools |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\$ 9,000$ |
| San Miguel | $\$ 21,020$ | $\$ 21,012$ | $\$ 3,900$ | 10 |  |
| Cristo Rey | $\$ 20,212$ | $\$ 20,103$ | $\$ 18,890$ | $\$ 21,754$ | 4 |
| Neither | $\$ 16,856$ | $\$ 16,306$ | $\$ 3,735$ | $\$ 30,000$ | 46 |

## Financial Aid

Lasallian Network schools gave more than $\$ 108$ million in need-based grants (including work-study) over the 2022-2023 school year. In total, schools in the Lasallian Network gave $\$ 143,718,235$ in total financial aid in the 2022-2023 school year. ${ }^{18}$

How much total financial aid was given in each of the following categories?**

|  | Mean | Median | Minimum | Maximum | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Need-based grant in <br> aid (including | $\$ 1,807,402$ | $\$ 1,578,418$ | $\$ 30,360$ | $\$ 5,098,500$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 8 , 4 4 4 , 1 0 7}$ |
| work study) | $\$ 429,747$ | $\$ 343,033$ | $\$ 533$ | $\$ 1,900,000$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 3 , 7 5 1 , 8 9 8}$ |
| Academic <br> Publicly funded <br> voucher | $\$ 729,282$ | $\$ 393,136$ | $\$ 32,000$ | $\$ 2,107,305$ | $\mathbf{\$ 7 , 2 9 2 , 8 1 5}$ |
| Other aid (including <br> multiple children <br> discounts, faculty <br> discounts, and <br> credits) |  |  |  |  |  |

*Responses of zero for academic, publicly funded voucher, and other aid were excluded from this analysis.

[^14]Most financial aid is given as need-based grants ( 75 percent). Another 10 percent is academic aid, 5 percent is from publicly funded vouchers, and 10 percent is all other aid.


## Differences by District

Schools in DENA gave an average of over $\$ 1.6$ million in need-based grants to students in 2022-2023. The average amount of all financial aid given per school in DENA is more than $\$ 2.2$ million. In total, schools in DENA gave more than $\$ 57$ million dollars in financial aid.

Financial Aid Given*
DENA only - 25 schools

|  | Average | Total | Number of Schools |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Need-based grant | \$1,639,266 | \$39,342,394 | 24 |
| Academic | \$493,762 | \$6,912,669 | 14 |
| Publicly funded vouchers | \$738,748 | \$2,954,993 | 4 |
| Other aid | \$568,309 | \$7,956,322 | 14 |
| All DENA | \$2,286,655 | \$57,166,378 | 25 |

*Responses of zero for academic, publicly funded voucher, and other aid were excluded from this analysis.

Schools in the Midwest District gave an average of over $\$ 1.6$ million in need-based grants. In total, 15 schools in the Midwest District gave more than $\$ 33$ million in financial aid to students for the 2022-2023 school year.

Financial Aid Given*<br>Midwest District only - 15 schools

|  | Average | Total | Number of Schools |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Need-based grant | \$1,626,056 | \$24,390,843 | 15 |
| Academic | \$371,722 | \$3,717,224 | 10 |
| Publicly funded vouchers | \$466,186 | \$1,864,745 | 4 |
| Other aid | \$374,250 | \$3,742,502 | 10 |
| All Midwest | \$2,247,688 | \$33,715,314 | 15 |

*Responses of zero for academic, publicly funded voucher, and other aid were excluded from this analysis.

Schools in the SFNO District gave a total of more than $\$ 50$ million in need-based grants in 2022-2023. Total financial aid given by SFNO District schools is more than $\$ 52$ million.

| Financial Aid Given* <br> SFNO District only 21 schools |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |

DENA schools accounted for two-fifths of the total amount of financial aid distributed more than $\$ 57$ million. SFNO schools accounted for another $\$ 52$ million (37 percent), with Midwest District schools distributing almost a quarter of the total amount of financial aid distributed (more than $\$ 33$ million or 23 percent).


## Living Alumni of Schools

Schools were asked to report the total number of alumni from their schools, 61 of whom reported their numbers. Altogether, schools report 557,515 alumni, of which 77 percent are male.


## Differences by Level of School

The highest percentage of male alumni is at the elementary school level (91 percent male), with males accounting for 65 to 77 percent of alumni at all of the other levels.

| Gender of Living Alumni by Level of School |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | Percentage of <br> Students in that | Total | Percentage of <br> Students in that |
|  | Males | Level of School | Females | Level of School |
| Elementary school | 6,497 | $91 \%$ | 677 | $9 \%$ |
| Middle school | 3,137 | $65 \%$ | 1,695 | $35 \%$ |
| Elementary-high school | 2,048 | $69 \%$ | 924 | $31 \%$ |
| Middle-high school | 45,713 | $74 \%$ | 15,940 | $26 \%$ |
| High school | 369,999 | $77 \%$ | 110,885 | $23 \%$ |

## Differences by District

The percentage of male alumni in the three Districts ranges from 74 to 78 percent.

| Gender of Living Alumni by District |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Percentage of <br> Students in that | Total | Percentage of <br> Students in that |
|  | Males | District | Females | District |
| DENA | 194,062 | $78 \%$ | 55,853 | $22 \%$ |
| Midwest | 115,086 | $74 \%$ | 40,683 | $26 \%$ |
| SFNO | 118,246 | $78 \%$ | 33,585 | $22 \%$ |

## Faculty and Staff Overview

In the following subsections, details are reported about the faculty and staff of the Lasallian Network schools. Altogether, there are 4,643 faculty and staff members.

## President

Many schools in the Lasallian Network operate with a president/principal model of leadership, with nine in ten schools ( 59 schools or 94 percent) in the Lasallian Network listing a person in the role of president. Of these 59 schools, one in five ( 11 schools or 18 percent) has a Christian Brother as president, while two-thirds ( 40 schools or 68 percent) have a lay man. A lay woman heads about one in ten schools (seven schools or 12 percent), while one school is headed by a woman religious ( 2 percent). No schools have a non-Christian Brother religious/priest as president.


## Differences by Level of School

All schools (100 percent) at the elementary, elementary-high school, and middle-high school levels have a president as head of the school. About nine in ten middle schools (89 percent) and high schools ( 93 percent) have presidents. ${ }^{19}$

## Ecclesial Status of the President by Level of School

Number and percentage by level of school

|  | Elementary <br> School |  | Middle School |  | ElementaryHigh School |  | Middle- <br> High School |  | $\underset{\underline{\text { School }}}{\underline{\text { High }}}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| School has a president | 4 | 100\% | 8 | 89\% | 1 | 100\% | 7 | 100\% | 39 | 93\% |
| Christian Brother | 1 | 25\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 2 | 29\% | 8 | 21\% |
| $\cdots$ Lay woman | 1 | 25\% | 1 | 13\% | 0 | 0\% | 1 | 14\% | 4 | 10\% |
| Lay man | 1 | 25\% | 7 | 88\% | 1 | 100\% | 4 | 57\% | 27 | 69\% |
| \% Woman religious | 1 | 25\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other male } \\ & \text { religious/priest } \end{aligned}$ | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |

- Lay men make up a majority of presidents (57 to 100 percent) at all levels except the elementary school level.
- Christian Brothers make up two- to three-tenths of presidents at the middle-high school (29 percent), elementary school ( 25 percent), and high school ( 21 percent) levels.

[^15]
## Differences by District

Two schools in the Midwest District and one each in DENA and SFNO do not report having presidents. ${ }^{20}$

| Ecclesial Status of the President by District Number and percentage by district |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | DENA |  | Midwest |  | SFNO |  |
|  |  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| School has a president |  | 26 | 96\% | 13 | 87\% | 20 | 95\% |
| $$ | Christian Brother | 7 | 27\% | 3 | 23\% | 1 | 5\% |
|  | Lay woman | 1 | 4\% | 2 | 15\% | 4 | 20\% |
|  | Lay man | 17 | 65\% | 8 | 62\% | 15 | 75\% |
|  | Woman religious | 1 | 4\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
|  | Other male religious/priest | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |

- Most schools in DENA have a lay man as president (65 percent), with about a quarter headed by Christian Brothers ( 27 percent).
- Just over six-tenths of Midwest District schools have lay men (62 percent) as presidents, with almost a quarter having a Christian Brother ( 23 percent).
- Three-quarters of SFNO District schools have a lay man (75 percent) as president, with one in 20 a Christian Brother (5 percent).

[^16]
## Principal

All but six of the schools in the Lasallian Network ( 57 schools or 90 percent) list a person or persons in the role of principal (four schools list more than one principal). Among all of the principals, more than half are lay men ( 56 percent), almost two-fifths are lay women ( 36 percent), and nearly one in ten is a Christian Brother (8 percent). No women religious or nonChristian Brother male religious/priests are principals.


## Differences by Level of School

One hundred percent of those schools at the elementary school, elementary-high school, and middle-high school levels report a principal. Nine in ten high schools ( 90 percent) and almost eight in ten middle schools ( 78 percent) also report having a principal. Four of the 57 schools who report they have a principal report having more than one principal, one each at the elementary school, middle school, elementary-high school, and high school levels. ${ }^{21}$

## Ecclesial Status of the Principals by Level of School <br> Number and percentage by level of school

|  | Elementary School |  | Middle School |  | ElementaryHigh School |  | Middle- <br> High School |  | $\underset{\text { School }}{\underline{\text { High }}}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| School has a principal | 4 | 100\% | 7 | 78\% | 1 | 100\% | 7 | 100\% | 38 | 90\% |
| Christian Brother | 1 | 14\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 4 | 10\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{\square}$ Lay woman | 2 | 29\% | 3 | 43\% | 2 | 100\% | 4 | 50\% | 12 | 31\% |
| L Lay man | 4 | 57\% | 4 | 57\% | 0 | 0\% | 4 | 50\% | 23 | 59\% |
| . Ooman religious | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other male } \\ & \text { religious/priest } \end{aligned}$ | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |

- Lay men make up half or more of the principals reported at the high school (59 percent), elementary school (57 percent), middle school (57 percent), and middle-high school (50 percent) levels.
- Lay women make up 100 percent of principals at the one elementary-high school and 29 to 50 percent of principals at the other levels.
- Five Christian Brothers serve as principals, one at the elementary school level and four at the high school level.

[^17]
## Differences by District

More than eight-tenths of the schools at all three Districts report having principals: 100 percent of schools in the Midwest District, 93 percent of those in DENA, and 81 percent of those in SFNO. Two schools in SFNO, one school in DENA, and one in the Midwest District report having more than one principal. ${ }^{22}$

| Ecclesial Status of the Principal by District Number and percentage by district |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DENA |  | Midwest |  | SFNO |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| School has a principal | 25 | 93\% | 15 | 100\% | 17 | 81\% |
| $\bigcirc$ Christian Brother | 2 | 8\% | 1 | 6\% | 2 | 10\% |
| $\cdots$ Lay woman | 10 | 38\% | 5 | 31\% | 8 | 38\% |
| L Lay man | 14 | 54\% | 10 | 63\% | 11 | 52\% |
| E Woman religious | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| 2 Other male religious/priest | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |

- A majority of principals in all three districts are lay men (52 to 63 percent).
- Lay women make up roughly a third (31 to 38 percent) of principals at all three districts.
- Between 6 and 10 percent of principals in all three Districts are Christian Brothers.

[^18]
## All School Leaders

Since most schools ( 59 schools or 94 percent) indicated that they have both a president and a principal, below is the ecclesial status of the school leaders (principals + presidents), 122 persons in all. In this way, the proportion of ecclesial status is easier to see - more than one in ten school leaders is a Christian Brother (13 percent). Three-fifths of all school presidents and principals are lay men ( 61 percent), while another quarter are lay women ( 25 percent). One is a woman religious (1 percent) and none are non-Christian Brother priests/brothers.


In total, ten list one leader, 49 list two leaders, three list three leaders, and one lists five leaders.

## Comparisons to Catholic Schools Nationally

RELAN secondary schools are more likely than Catholic schools nationally to have a lay man as a school leader ( 62 percent compared to 50 percent, respectively). That difference is even greater at the elementary school level (62 percent compared to 19 percent, respectively).

## Ecclesial Status of School Leaders

|  | RELAN Schools |  | Catholic Schools Nationally ${ }^{23}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Elementary | Secondary | Elementary | Secondary |
| Lay woman | 27\% | 23\% | 65\% | 26\% |
| Lay man | 62\% | 62\% | 19\% | 50\% |
| Member of a religious congregation of women | 4\% | 0\% | 15\% | 11\% |
| Religious brother, priest, or permanent deacon (including FSC) | 8\% | 15\% | 1\% | 13\% |

[^19]
## All Other School Administrators

Other than presidents and principals, an additional 218 people are serving in administrative positions at these schools.

## Number of Full-time and Part-time Administrative Staff by Ecclesial Status

|  | Christian Brother |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Lay } \\ \underline{\text { Woman }} \end{gathered}$ |  | Lay Man |  | Woman Religious |  | Other Male Religious/ Priest |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| Assistant |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal(s) | 0 | 0\% | 40 | 44\% | 49 | 54\% | 1 | 1\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Dean(s) of Students | 0 | 0\% | 10 | 18\% | 45 | 82\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Other administrators | 0 | 0\% | 36 | 49\% | 36 | 49\% | 0 | 0\% | 1 | 1\% |
| Total | 0 | 0\% | 86 | 39\% | 130 | 60\% | 1 | <1\% | 1 | <1\% |

- The majority of the 90 people serving as assistant principals are lay men (49 or 54 percent). Similarly, the majority of the 55 people serving as deans of students are lay men ( 45 or 82 percent). Finally, half of the 73 people serving as other administrators are also lay men ( 36 or 49 percent).
- More than four in ten assistant principals are lay women (40 or 44 percent), about a fifth serve as deans of students ( 10 or 18 percent), and half serve as other administrators ( 36 or 49 percent).


## Faculty

Schools in RELAN employ a total of 2,641 faculty members. More than nine in ten are full-time faculty ( 94 percent).

## Ecclesial Status of Faculty by Employment Status

Number and percentage

|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | N | $\%$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\%$ |
| Christian Brother | 30 | $1 \%$ | 18 | $11 \%$ |
| Lay woman | 1,059 | $43 \%$ | 76 | $45 \%$ |
| Lay man | 1,366 | $55 \%$ | 71 | $42 \%$ |
| Woman religious | 10 | $<1 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |
| Other male religious/priest | 8 | $<1 \%$ | 3 | $2 \%$ |
| Total | 2,473 | $94 \%$ | 168 | $6 \%$ |

A majority of faculty members are lay men (54 percent), with another 43 percent identified as lay women.


## Non-faculty Professional Staff

Schools were asked to list the number of non-faculty professional staff. This includes those who need a degree for their position, such as campus ministers, athletic directors, business/finance directors, alumni directors, development directors, curriculum coordinators, directors of admissions, cafeteria managers, residential counselors, guidance counselors, librarians and other equivalent positions. Altogether, schools list 870 non-faculty professional staff members, 93 percent of whom serve full time.

## Ecclesial Status of Non-Faculty Professionals by Employment Status <br> Number and percentage

|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathbf{\%}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ |
| Christian Brother | 5 | $1 \%$ | 6 | $9 \%$ |
| Lay woman | 424 | $53 \%$ | 33 | $52 \%$ |
| Lay man | 372 | $46 \%$ | 18 | $28 \%$ |
| Woman religious | 3 | $<1 \%$ | 1 | $2 \%$ |
| Other male religious/priest | 2 | $<1 \%$ | 6 | $9 \%$ |
| Total |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{8 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{9 3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 4}$ | $\mathbf{7 \%}$ |

The majority of non-faculty professionals are lay women (53 percent).


## Support Staff

Schools were asked to list the number of support staff they have. This includes those who do not need a degree for their position, such as cafeteria workers, custodians, bookstore managers, office workers, security personnel, administrative assistants, and other equivalent positions. This category also captures all staff members that are not included in the head of school, administrative, or non-faculty professional categories, and is not faculty. Altogether, schools list 788 support staff persons, 83 percent of whom are full time.

## Ecclesial Status of Support Staff by Employment Status <br> Number and percentage

|  | Full Time |  | $\underline{\text { Part Time }}$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ |
| Christian Brother | 0 | $0 \%$ | 2 | $2 \%$ |
| Lay woman | 358 | $55 \%$ | 90 | $68 \%$ |
| Lay man | 294 | $45 \%$ | 38 | $29 \%$ |
| Woman religious | 4 | $1 \%$ | 1 | $1 \%$ |
| Other male religious/priest | 0 | $0 \%$ | 1 | $1 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{8 3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 \%}$ |

A majority of support staff members are lay women (57 percent).


## Ethnic Backgrounds of Faculty and Staff

Overall, faculty and staff are most likely to be identified as White or Caucasian (70 percent). In addition, at least one in 20 is identified as Hispanic or Latino (12 percent) or Black or African American (5 percent). Three percent are identified as biracial or multiracial and 7 percent are of a race and/or ethnicity not listed here. ${ }^{24}$


[^20]
## Differences by Level of School

Faculty and staff at the middle school level are most diverse racially, with 56 percent White or Caucasian and 30 percent Hispanic or Latino. Less than one in ten are Black or African American (8 percent) or Asian or Pacific Islander (5 percent). Elementary school level faculty and staff are nearly as diverse, with 53 percent White or Caucasian and 19 percent Hispanic or Latino, 10 percent Asian or Pacific Islander, and 7 percent Black or African American.

| Ethnicity of Faculty and Staff Number and percentage by level of school |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Elementary School |  | Middle School |  | Elementary- <br> High School |  | Middle-High School |  | High School |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 7 | 10\% | 9 | 5\% | 0 | 0\% | 5 | 1\% | 121 | 3\% |
| Black or African American | 5 | 7\% | 14 | 8\% | 0 | 0\% | 19 | 3\% | 164 | 5\% |
| Hispanic or Latino | 13 | 19\% | 52 | 30\% | 72 | 100\% | 16 | $3 \%$ | 384 | 11\% |
| Native American or Inuit | 6 | 9\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 8 | <1\% |
| White or Caucasian | 36 | 53\% | 98 | 56\% | 0 | 0\% | 454 | 79\% | 2,506 | 71\% |
| Biracial or multiracial | 1 | 1\% | 2 | 1\% | 0 | 0\% | 8 | 1\% | 129 | 4\% |
| A race and/or ethnicity not listed here | 0 | 0\% | 1 | 1\% | 0 | 0\% | 72 | 13\% | 209 | 6\% |
| Total | 68 | 100\% | 176 | 100\% | 72 | 100\% | 574 | 100\% | 3,521 | 100\% |

- More than two-thirds of the faculty and staff at the middle-high school level (79 percent) and high school level (71 percent) are White or Caucasian.
- One hundred percent of faculty and staff at the elementary-high school level are identified as Hispanic or Latino.


## Differences by District

The faculty and staff of the SFNO District is most ethnically diverse, with 58 percent identified as White or Caucasian, 21 percent identified as Hispanic or Latino, and 5 to 8 percent identified as Asian or Pacific Islander or as Black or African American.

| Ethnic Background of Faculty and Staff Number and percentage by District |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DENA |  | Midwest |  | SFNO |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 22 | 1\% | 21 | $2 \%$ | 99 | 8\% |
| Black or African American | 90 | 5\% | 52 | 4\% | 60 | 5\% |
| Hispanic or Latino | 200 | 10\% | 65 | 6\% | 272 | $21 \%$ |
| Native American or Inuit | 0 | 0\% | 11 | 1\% | 3 | <1\% |
| White or Caucasian | 1,344 | 69\% | 994 | 85\% | 756 | 58\% |
| Biracial or multiracial | 64 | 3\% | 14 | 1\% | 62 | 5\% |
| A race and/or ethnicity not listed here | 217 | 11\% | 13 | 1\% | 52 | 4\% |
| Total | 1,937 | 100\% | 1,170 | 100\% | 1,304 | 100\% |

- About seven in ten DENA faculty and staff are White or Caucasian (69 percent) and one in ten or less is Hispanic or Latino (10 percent) and Black or African American (5 percent).
- Eighty-five percent of Midwest District faculty and staff are White or Caucasian, with about one in 20 Hispanic or Latino ( 6 percent) or Black or African American (4 percent).


## Pastoral Ministry Overview

Schools were asked to list the number of employees in each position of pastoral ministry: campus ministry, religion teachers, and additional ministry/identity personnel. Note that for each position below, individuals may be counted even though they have already been included in faculty/staff counts earlier. In addition, if a person falls into more than one category, they are included in each relevant category. Altogether, Lasallian schools report 584 persons serving as pastoral ministers.

## Campus Ministry

Altogether, 129 persons serve as campus ministers. About two in three (68 percent) serve full time.

| Ecclesial Status of Campus Ministers by Employment Status Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Christian Brother | 2 | 2\% | 5 | 12\% |
| Lay woman | 33 | 38\% | 15 | 37\% |
| Lay man | 46 | 52\% | 16 | 39\% |
| Woman religious | 2 | 2\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Other male religious/priest | 5 | 6\% | 5 | 12\% |
| Total | 88 | 68\% | 41 | 32\% |

Together, lay men (48 percent) and lay women (37 percent) make up nearly nine in ten ( 85 percent) campus ministers. One in 20 is a Christian Brother ( 5 percent).


## Religion Teachers

Elementary, middle, elementary-high, middle-high and secondary schools in RELAN employ 350 religion/theology teachers, ${ }^{25}$ and about eight in ten of them ( 82 percent) serve full time in these positions.

| Ecclesial Status of Religion/Theology Teachers by Employment Status Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Christian Brother | 9 | 3\% | 11 | 17\% |
| Lay woman | 108 | 38\% | 20 | 31\% |
| Lay man | 157 | 55\% | 29 | 45\% |
| Woman religious | 5 | 2\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Other male religious/priest | 7 | $2 \%$ | 4 | 6\% |
| Total | 286 | 82\% | 64 | 18\% |

One in 20 religion teachers is a Christian Brother (6 percent). Among the others, more than half are lay men (53 percent).


[^21]
## Comparisons to Campus Ministers ${ }^{26}$

Proportionately, lay men are slightly more likely to be religion teachers than to be campus ministers. Non-Christian Brother male religious/priests, on the other hand, are slightly more likely to be campus ministers than to be religion teachers.


[^22]
## Additional Mission/Identity Personnel

Schools in RELAN report 105 mission/identity personnel. About half (51 percent) serve part time.

| Ecclesial Status of Mission/Identity Personnel by Employment Status Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Christian Brother | 3 | 6\% | 9 | 17\% |
| Lay woman | 18 | 35\% | 22 | 41\% |
| Lay man | 26 | 51\% | 21 | 39\% |
| Woman religious | 0 | 0\% | 1 | 2\% |
| Other male religious/priest | 4 | 8\% | 1 | 2\% |
| Total | 51 | 49\% | 54 | 51\% |

Nearly half of mission/identity personnel are lay men (45 percent).


## Part II: Postsecondary Institutions

For the 2022-2023 school year, there are a total of seven Lasallian colleges and universities in RELAN - six in the United States and one in Bethlehem, Palestine.

| Colleges and Universities by District |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| DENA | 2 |
| Midwest | 3 |
| SFNO | 1 |
| International | 1 |
| Total | 7 |

## Year Founded

Among the seven colleges or universities, just under six in ten ( 57 percent) were founded before 1900. The oldest, founded in 1853, is Manhattan College, Bronx, New York. The most recently founded is Bethlehem University, Bethlehem, Palestine, founded in 1973. The average year the colleges or universities were founded was 1895 .

| Year of Founding |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\boldsymbol{\%}$ |
| 1850 to 1899 | 4 | $57 \%$ |
| 1900 to 1949 | 2 | $29 \%$ |
| 1950 to 1999 | 1 | $14 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

## Student Enrollment

A total of 26,058 students are educated at the undergraduate and graduate levels at Lasallian colleges and universities in RELAN. Nearly two in three are enrolled at the undergraduate level ( 17,012 students or 65 percent of all students), while the other third are at the graduate level ( 9,046 students or 35 percent of all students). Among all students, three in four are enrolled full time ( 19,787 students or 76 percent) and a quarter are enrolled part time ( 6,271 students or 24 percent).


- Among undergraduate students only, nearly nine in ten are enrolled full time ( 88 percent) and about one in ten is enrolled part time ( 12 percent).
- Most graduate students are enrolled full time (54 percent), with just under half enrolled part time (46 percent).


## U.S. Colleges/Universities

In total, 22,759 students are educated at the undergraduate and graduate levels at Lasallian colleges and universities in the United States. About three in five are undergraduates (13,921 students or 61 percent) and about four in ten are graduate students ( 8,838 students or 38 percent). Six in ten U.S. students attend full time ( 16,705 students or 73 percent) and four in ten attend part time ( 6,054 students or 27 percent).


- Among undergraduates at U.S. Lasallian colleges and universities, more than nine in ten are enrolled full time ( 85 percent) and one in seven is enrolled part time ( 15 percent).
- Just over half of graduate students in the United States are enrolled full time (55 percent) and almost half are enrolled part time ( 45 percent).


## Differences by District

Combined, three in four of the 26,058 graduate and undergraduate students ( 76 percent) attend a college or university in the Midwest District ( 47 percent) and DENA ( 29 percent). The remaining students are split between the SFNO District (11 percent) and Bethlehem University (13 percent), the international university.


## U.S. Colleges/Universities

Examining just those colleges and universities in the United States, the Midwest District contains more than half ( 54 percent) of all 22,759 U.S. students.


## Commuter Status

Undergraduate students are more likely to commute to the college or university (71 percent) than to board at the college or university ( 29 percent).


The proportion of commuter undergraduate students at an individual college or university varies widely. In one U.S. school, 15 percent of students commute; in four schools between 6070 percent commute; and in one school 77 percent commute. Bethlehem University in Jerusalem reports only commuter students, with no boarders.

## U.S. Colleges/Universities

At Lasallian colleges and universities in the United States, undergraduate students are more likely to commute ( 64 percent) than to board ( 36 percent).


## Differences by District

There are no students who board at Bethlehem University, the international Lasallian university.

| Commuter Status of Undergraduate Students by District Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Commuter |  | Boarder |  | Total |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N |
| DENA | 3,857 | 66\% | 1,979 | 34\% | 5,836 |
| Midwest | 3,822 | 63\% | 2,260 | 37\% | 6,082 |
| SFNO | 1,228 | 61\% | 775 | 39\% | 2,003 |
| International | 3,299 | 100\% | 0 | 0\% | 3,299 |

More than three in five students in DENA (66 percent), the District of the Midwest (63 percent) and in SFNO (61 percent) commute.

## Undergraduate Student Religious Affiliation

About a fifth of undergraduate students at Lasallian postsecondary institutions are Roman Catholic ( 22 percent). Almost four-tenths combined ( 37 percent) are identified as Roman Catholic ( 22 percent) or as another Christian ( 15 percent). Four-tenths have an unknown religious affiliation (41 percent).


## U.S. Colleges/Universities

A quarter of students at Lasallian postsecondary institutions in the United States are Roman Catholic ( 25 percent). Four-tenths combined ( 41 percent) are identified as Roman Catholic ( 25 percent) or as another Christian ( 16 percent). A full half ( 50 percent) have an unknown religious affiliation.


## Differences by District

Between 20 and 30 percent of students in each District are Roman Catholic, except for Bethlehem University where almost one in ten students is Roman Catholic (8 percent).

|  | Student Religious Preference by District Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DENA |  | Midwest |  | SFNO |  | International |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| Roman Catholic | 1,229 | 21\% | 1,810 | 30\% | 391 | 20\% | 256 | 8\% |
| Other Christian | 606 | 10\% | 1,375 | 23\% | 175 | 9\% | 369 | 12\% |
| Jewish | 16 | <1\% | 9 | <1\% | 13 | 1\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Muslim | 129 | 2\% | 178 | 3\% | 9 | <1\% | 2,466 | 80\% |
| Other Faith | 117 | 2\% | 77 | 1\% | 97 | 5\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Nothing in particular | 228 | 4\% | 379 | 6\% | 95 | 5\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Not declared | 3,511 | 60\% | 2,254 | 37\% | 1,223 | 61\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Total | 5,836 | 100\% | 6,082 | 100\% | 2,003 | 100\% | 3,091 | 100\% |

- Eight in ten students at Bethlehem University are Muslim (80 percent), compared to 1 to 3 percent in all other Districts.
- Other Christians make up between 9 and 23 percent of students at postsecondary institutions in all Districts.

The remainder of Part II includes counts for full-time and part-time undergraduate students only, unless otherwise noted.

## Ethnic Backgrounds of Students

Overall, students (undergraduate and graduate) are most likely to be identified as White or Caucasian ( $54 \%$ ). In addition, at least one in 20 is identified as Hispanic or Latino (15\%), Black or African American (9\%), or Asian or Pacific Islander (6\%). Two percent are biracial or multiracial and 14 percent identify as a race and/or ethnicity not listed among our categories.


## U.S. Colleges/Universities

Overall, U.S. students are most likely to be identified as White or Caucasian (47 percent). In addition, at least one in 20 is identified as Hispanic or Latino ( 17 percent), Black or African American (11 percent), or Asian or Pacific Islander (6 percent). Two percent are biracial or multiracial and 16 percent are of a race or ethnicity not listed here.


## Differences by District

SFNO students are the most diverse, with just over a third White or Caucasian (37 percent), more than a quarter Hispanic or Latino (27 percent), and one-sixth Asian or Pacific Islander (16 percent).

| Ethnicity of Students by District <br> Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DENA |  | Midwest |  | SFNO |  | International |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 432 | 6\% | 559 | 5\% | 440 | 16\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Black or African American | 1,172 | 15\% | 1,032 | 8\% | 204 | 7\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Hispanic or Latino | 1,575 | 21\% | 1,591 | 13\% | 746 | 27\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Native American or Inuit | 13 | <1\% | 50 | <1\% | 25 | 1\% | 0 | 0\% |
| White or Caucasian | 3,697 | 49\% | 5,984 | 48\% | 1,013 | 37\% | 3,299 | 100\% |
| Biracial or multiracial | 229 | 3\% | 285 | 2\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| A race and/or ethnicity not listed here | 500 | 7\% | 2,875 | 23\% | 337 | 12\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Total | 7,618 | 100\% | 12,376 | 100\% | 2,765 | 100\% | 3,299 | 100\% |

- All students at Bethlehem University are White, more specifically most are Arab.
- Almost a majority of students in DENA (49 percent) the Midwest District (48 percent) are White or Caucasian. Hispanics or Latinos make up between 13 and 21 percent of students in these districts, with Asians or Pacific Islanders and Blacks or African Americans making up 5 to 15 percent of these districts' students.


## Tuition Assistance

A total of 17,386 students or 67 percent of all students (undergraduate and graduate) at the Lasallian colleges and universities - received tuition assistance. As can be seen in the figure below, five colleges and universities report that at least 67 percent of their students receive tuition assistance.


## U.S. Colleges/Universities

Lasallian colleges and universities in the United States gave tuition assistance to 16,833 students ( 74 percent of all graduate and undergraduate students at Lasallian colleges and universities in the United States).

## Differences by District

A slight majority of students receiving tuition assistance are in the Midwest District ( $51 \%$ ), with almost another four in ten in DENA (37 percent).


| Students Receiving Tuition Assistance by District |  |
| :--- | :---: |
|  | Percentage of Students <br> in that District <br> Receiving Assistance |
| DENA | 6,433 |
| Midwest | 8,858 |
| SFNO | 1,542 |

- More than eight in ten (84 percent) students in DENA received tuition assistance.
- Over seven-tenths of students (72 percent) in the District of the Midwest received tuition assistance.
- Nearly six-tenths of students in SFNO (56 percent) received tuition assistance.
- One in six students at Bethlehem University (17 percent) received tuition assistance.


## Tuition

On average, Lasallian colleges and universities are charging \$35,411 for tuition for a first-year undergraduate student. Half of schools charge $\$ 36,320$ or less and half charge $\$ 36,320$ or more. The range is very wide, from a low of $\$ 2,700^{27}$ to a high of $\$ 53,932$.

## What is the current tuition for a

 first-year undergraduate student?| Mean | $\$ 35,411$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Median | $\$ 36,320$ |
| Minimum | $\$ 2,700$ |
| Maximum | $\$ 53,932$ |

## U.S. Colleges/Universities

On average, Lasallian colleges and universities in the United States are charging \$40,863 for tuition for a first-year undergraduate student. Half of schools charge $\$ 38,420$ or less and half charge $\$ 38,420$ or more. The range is from a low tuition charge of $\$ 32,640$ to a high of $\$ 53,932$.


[^23]
## Differences by District

The SFNO District has the highest average tuition (\$53,932), followed by DENA $(\$ 39,444)$. Note, however, that the "average" for the SFNO District and International is really just the one college/university in that district or category.

## Tuition Charges by District

DENA
Midwest SFNO International

Mean Number of Schools
\$39,444
\$37,453
\$53,932
\$2,700
2
3
1
$\qquad$ -

## Room and Board Charges

On average, Lasallian colleges and universities are charging \$13,653 for room and board for a first-year undergraduate student. Half of schools charge $\$ 14,078$ or less and half charge $\$ 14,078$ or more. The amounts charged range from a low of $\$ 8,700$ to a high of $\$ 18,440$.

What is the average room and board cost for a first-year undergraduate student?

| Mean | $\$ 13,653$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Median | $\$ 14,078$ |
| Minimum | $\$ 8,700$ |
| Maximum | $\$ 18,440$ |

## Differences by District

DENA has the highest room and board charges $(\$ 17,320)$, followed by $\operatorname{SFNO}(\$ 16,404)$. Note, however, that the "average" for SFNO is really just the one college/university in that District. ${ }^{28}$

## Room and Board Costs by District

|  | Mean | Number of Schools |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| DENA | $\$ 17,320$ | 2 |
| Midwest | $\$ 10,292$ | 3 |
| SFNO | $\$ 16,404$ | 1 |

[^24]
## Combined Charges

To approximate the cost of attending a Lasallian college or university in the United States, ${ }^{29}$ the tuition and the average room and board charges for a first-year undergraduate student were added. While this is not a perfect measure of the cost of attendance (most universities charge additional fees not captured in this measure) it does provide an approximate cost of attending. On average, the approximate cost for a first-year undergraduate student to attend a Lasallian college or university in the United States is $\$ 54,517$. At half of these colleges and universities, the approximate cost is $\$ 49,790$ or less a year, and at half it is $\$ 49,790$ or more. The cost per year ranges from a low of $\$ 44,220$ to a high of $\$ 70,336$.

## Tuition and Room and Board Charges*

| Mean | $\$ 54,517$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Median | $\$ 49,790$ |
| Minimum | $\$ 44,220$ |
| Maximum | $\$ 70,336$ |

*Excluding Bethlehem University as it has no boarding students

## Differences by District

The SFNO District has the highest average tuition and room and board charges. Note, however, that the "average" for the SFNO District and for Bethlehem University is really just the one college/university in that District.

## Tuition and Room and Board Costs by District*

DENA
Midwest
SFNO

Mean Number of Schools \$56,764 2
\$47,745
\$70,336
*Bethlehem University has no boarding students and so no room and board costs

[^25]
## Financial Aid

Lasallian Network colleges/universities gave more than $\$ 129$ million in need-based grants (including work study) to undergraduate students over the 2022-2023 school year. In total, postsecondary schools in the Lasallian Network gave $\$ 351,368,853$ in total financial aid in the 2022-2023 school year.

## How much total financial aid was given to undergraduate students in each of the following categories?

|  | Mean | Median | Minimum | Maximum | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Need-based grant <br> in aid (including |  |  |  |  |  |
| work study) | $\$ 18,456,104$ | $\$ 22,061,511$ | $\$ 1,051,171$ | $\$ 30,435,545$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 2 9 , 1 9 2 , 7 2 9}$ |
| Academic | $\$ 20,183,350$ | $\$ 13,315,625$ | $\$ 533$ | $\$ 60,740,691$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 4 1 , 2 8 3 , 4 5 3}$ |
| Other aid <br> (including |  |  |  |  |  |
| multiple <br> children <br> discounts, <br> faculty <br> discounts, and <br> credits) | $\$ 11,556,096$ | $\$ 5,361,005$ | $\$ 60,928$ | $\$ 31,660,506$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 0 , 8 9 2 , 6 7 1}$ |

Nearly four-tenths of financial aid is given as need-based grants ( 37 percent). Fourtenths is given as academic aid ( 40 percent) and almost one-quarter as "other aid" ( 23 percent).


## Differences by District

Colleges and universities in DENA gave an average of more than $\$ 20$ million in needbased grants to students in 2022-2023. The average amount of financial aid given by any school in DENA is about $\$ 69$ million. In total, schools in DENA gave more than $\$ 138$ million in financial aid.

Financial Aid Given<br>DENA only - 2 schools

|  | Average | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Need-based grant | $\$ 22,549,517$ | $\$ 45,099,033$ |
| Academic | $\$ 42,126,359$ | $\$ 84,252,718$ |
| Other aid | $\$ 4,706,308$ | $\$ 9,412,615$ |
|  |  |  |
| All DENA | $\mathbf{\$ 6 9 , 3 8 2 , 1 8 3}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 3 8 , 7 6 4 , 3 6 6}$ |

Schools in the Midwest District gave an average of about $\$ 19$ million in academic financial aid. In total, schools in the Midwest gave more than $\$ 152$ million in financial aid to students for the 2022-2023 school year.

| Financial Aid Given <br> Midwest only -3 schools |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Average   |  |  |
| Total |  |  |
| Need-based grant | $\$ 18,647,168$ | $\$ 55,941,505$ |
| Academic | $\$ 18,985,348$ | $\$ 56,956,043$ |
| Other aid | $\$ 13,252,874$ | $\$ 39,758,622$ |
| All Midwest | $\mathbf{\$ 5 0 , 8 8 5 , 3 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 5 2 , 6 5 6 , 1 7 0}$ |

The sole university in the SFNO District gave a total of more than $\$ 27$ million in needbased grants in 2022-2023. The total amount of financial aid given by this university is more than $\$ 58$ million.

## Financial Aid Given <br> SFNO only - 1 school

Total
Need-based grant \$27,101,020
Academic \$15,000
Other aid \$31,660,506
All SFNO \$58,761,526

The sole international university in Bethlehem gave over $\$ 1$ million in need-based grants in 2022-2023. The total amount of financial aid given by this university is more than $\$ 1.1$ million.

| Financial Aid Given |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| International only - 1 school |  |
|  | Total |
|  | $\$ 1,051,171$ |
| Need-based grant | $\$ 74,692$ |
| Academic | $\$ 60,928$ |
| Other aid | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 1 8 6 , 7 9 1}$ |
| All International |  |

Midwest District and DENA colleges and universities together accounted for more than four-fifths of the total amount of financial aid distributed ( 83 percent combined) - with more than $\$ 291$ million. The sole SFNO District university distributed one-sixth (about $\$ 58$ million or 17 percent) of the total amount of financial aid distributed. The international university (Bethlehem University) distributed less than 1 percent $(\$ 1,186,791)$ of the total amount of total financial aid distributed.


## Living Alumni of Schools

Colleges were asked to report the total number of alumni from their schools. Altogether, colleges report 284,937 alumni, of which 51 percent are female and 49 percent are male.


## Differences by District

All RELAN colleges and universities are co-educational. The percentage of female alumni at the three Districts ranges from 42 to 69 percent.

|  | Gender of Living Alumni by District |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total <br> Males | Percentage of Students in that District | Total Females | Percentage of Students in that District | Total Males and Females |
| DENA | 62,073 | 58\% | 44,704 | $42 \%$ | 106,777 |
| Midwest | 52,686 | 46\% | 61,504 | 54\% | 114,190 |
| SFNO | 19,459 | 44\% | 25,274 | 56\% | 44,733 |
| International | 5,918 | $31 \%$ | 13,319 | 69\% | 19,237 |

## Faculty and Staff Overview

The next section of the survey asked about the faculty and staff at postsecondary institutions. Each faculty/staff member is listed only once, and they are counted in the area in which they spend the majority of their time. Both full-time and part-time positions are included, and combined unless otherwise noted. If the institution has a foreign campus in addition to its United States campus and the faculty/staff are considered to be official faculty/staff of the postsecondary institution, they are included in the totals. In total, 4,987 people are employed at Lasallian colleges and universities, with an average of 712 employees per college or university.

## Administrative Staff

Altogether, there are 221 administrators in at Lasallian colleges/universities in RELAN. Almost half each are lay men (49 percent) and lay women ( 45 percent). Ten administrative staff members are Christian Brothers (5 percent).

Number of Full-time and Part-time Administrative Staff by Ecclesial Status

|  | Christian Brother |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Lay } \\ \text { Woman } \end{gathered}$ |  | Lay Man |  | Woman <br> Religious |  | Other Male Religious/ Priest |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | $N$ | \% |
| President | 2 | 29\% | 0 | 0\% | 4 | 57\% | 0 | 0\% | 1 | 14\% | 7 | 100\% |
| Vice President(s) | 4 | 8\% | 19 | 37\% | 28 | 54\% | 0 | 0\% | 1 | 2\% | 52 | 100\% |
| Provost(s) | 0 | 0\% | 6 | 50\% | 6 | 50\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 12 | 100\% |
| Academic Dean(s) | 1 | 3\% | 15 | 39\% | 22 | 58\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% | 38 | 100\% |
| Other Administrators | 3 | 3\% | 60 | 54\% | 48 | 43\% | 1 | 1\% | 0 | 0\% | 112 | 100\% |
| Total | 10 | 5\% | 100 | 45\% | 108 | 49\% | 1 | 0\% | 2 | 1\% | 221 | 100\% |

- Nearly six in ten presidents at Lasallian colleges and universities are lay men (57 percent), with three in ten Christian Brothers ( 29 percent) and about one in ten another male religious priest (14 percent) serving in that role.
- Vice president(s) are most likely to be lay men (54 percent), followed by lay women (37 percent).
- Lay men (50 percent) and lay women (50 percent) fill all of the provost positions, as well as all but one of the academic dean positions ( 58 percent and 39 percent, respectively).
- Other administrative positions are most likely to be held by lay women ( 54 percent), followed by lay men (43 percent).


## Other Non-Faculty Professionals

Nearly nine in ten of the total 1,544 non-faculty professionals at RELAN colleges and universities are full time ( 87 percent).

## Ecclesial Status of Non-faculty Professionals by <br> Employment Status <br> Number and percentage

|  | Full Time |  |  | Part Time |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ |  |
| Christian Brother | 1 | $<1 \%$ | 6 | $3 \%$ |  |
| Lay woman | 768 | $57 \%$ | 113 | $57 \%$ |  |
| Lay man | 574 | $43 \%$ | 75 | $38 \%$ |  |
| Woman religious | 2 | $<1 \%$ | 1 | $1 \%$ |  |
| Other male religious/priest | 1 | $<1 \%$ | 3 | $2 \%$ |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{1 , 3 4 6}$ | $\mathbf{8 7 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 \%}$ |  |

A majority of non-faculty professionals are lay women (57\%).


## Faculty Overview

More than four in ten of the total 2,711 faculty at Lasallian colleges and universities are full time ( 43 percent). This is similar to the national average of 46 percent full-time faculty at all degree-granting post-secondary institutions. ${ }^{30}$

## Ecclesial Status of Faculty by Employment Status

Number and percentage

|  | Full Time |  |  | Part Time |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\%$ |  |
| Christian Brother | 9 | $1 \%$ | 6 | $<1 \%$ |  |
| Lay woman | 601 | $52 \%$ | 790 | $51 \%$ |  |
| Lay man | 545 | $47 \%$ | 750 | $48 \%$ |  |
| Woman religious | 4 | $<1 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |  |
| Other male religious/priest | 2 | $<1 \%$ | 4 | $<1 \%$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 , 1 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{4 3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 7 \%}$ |  |

Half of faculty members are lay women ( 51 percent), with 48 percent lay men.


[^26]
## Support Staff

Support staff includes those who generally do not need a degree for the position (e.g., secretaries, bookstore managers, office workers, maintenance staff, cooks, and security personnel). Nine in ten of the total 511 support staff members are full time ( 89 percent), with 11 percent serving part time.

## Ecclesial Status of Support Staff by Employment Status <br> Number and percentage

|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\boldsymbol{\%}$ |
| Christian Brother | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |
| Lay woman | 243 | $53 \%$ | 30 | $56 \%$ |
| Lay man | 214 | $47 \%$ | 24 | $44 \%$ |
| Woman religious | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |
| Other male religious/priest | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 5 7}$ | $\mathbf{8 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 \%}$ |

More than half of support staff are lay women (53 percent).

| Ecclesial Status of Support Staff <br> Number and percentage |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lay woman |
| 273 |
| $53 \%$ |$\quad$| Lay man |
| :---: |
| 238 |
| $47 \%$ |
| 4 |

## Ethnic Backgrounds of Faculty and Staff

Overall, faculty and staff are most likely to be identified as White or Caucasian (68\%). In addition, at least one in 20 is identified as Black or African American (8\%), Hispanic or Latino ( $6 \%$ ), or Asian or Pacific Islander (5\%). One percent is biracial or multiracial and 12 percent are identified as a race and/or ethnicity not listed here.


## U.S. Colleges/Universities

Overall, the 4,631 employees at U.S. colleges and universities are most likely to be identified as White or Caucasian ( 65 percent). In addition, at least one in 20 is identified as Black or African American (9 percent), Asian or Pacific Islander (6 percent), or Hispanic or Latino ( 6 percent). One percent is identified as biracial or multiracial and 13 percent are of a race and/or ethnicity not listed here.


## Differences by District

Whites or Caucasians make up more than four-tenths (43 percent to 99 percent) of the administrators, faculty and staff in all Districts. The 99 percent of White or Caucasian administrators, faculty and staff at Bethlehem University include those identified as Arab.

| Ethnicity of Administrators, Faculty, and Staff Number and percentage in District |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DENA |  | Midwest |  | SFNO |  | International |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| Asian or |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pacific <br> Islander | 82 | 5\% | 96 | 4\% | 84 | 10\% | 3 | 1\% |
| Black or African |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American | 181 | 12\% | 160 | 7\% | 58 | 7\% | 1 | <1\% |
| Hispanic or Latino | 136 | 9\% | 83 | 4\% | 79 | 10\% | 1 | <1\% |
| Native |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American or Inuit | 2 | <1\% | 4 | <1\% | 6 | 1\% | 0 | 0\% |
| White or Caucasian | 1,026 | 66\% | 1,650 | 73\% | 350 | 43\% | 351 | 99\% |
| Biracial or multiracial | 27 | 2\% | 8 | <1\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| A race and/or ethnicity not listed here | 105 | 7\% | 256 | 11\% | 238 | 29\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Total | 1,559 | 100\% | 2,257 | 100\% | 815 | 100\% | 356 | 100\% |

- Asians or Pacific Islanders make up 4 to 10 percent of administrators, faculty and staff at U.S. colleges and universities. Similarly, 7 to 12 percent of administrators, faculty and staff at U.S. colleges and universities are Black or African American.
- Hispanics or Latinos make up 4 to 10 percent of administrators, faculty and staff at U.S. colleges and universities.


## Pastoral Ministry

The final section of the postsecondary survey asks respondents to list those in pastoral ministry. For each of the counts below, all staff members are counted even if they have already been included in the administrator, faculty and staff information earlier. In addition, if a person falls into more than one category below, he/she should be included in each relevant category. In this way, there can be duplication in the counts if a person is filling more than one pastoral ministry position. As before, if the institution has a foreign campus in addition to its United States campus and a position is considered to be official faculty or staff of the institution, they are included in the counts. Altogether, there are 150 pastoral minister positions reported among the seven colleges or universities.

## Campus Ministry

There is a total of 23 campus ministers in RELAN, nearly three-fifths of whom are full time ( 57 percent). Five Christian Brothers serve as campus minsters ( 22 percent).

| Ecclesial Status of Campus Ministers by Employment Status Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Christian Brother | 3 | 23\% | 2 | 20\% |
| Lay woman | 4 | 31\% | 3 | 30\% |
| Lay man | 3 | 23\% | 1 | 10\% |
| Woman religious | 0 | 0\% | 1 | 10\% |
| Other male religious/priest | 3 | 23\% | 3 | 30\% |
| Total | 13 | 57\% | 10 | 43\% |

Combined, non-Christian Brother male religious/priests (26 percent) and Christian Brothers ( 22 percent) make up almost half of campus ministers.


## Religion/Theology Faculty

There are 72 religion/theology faculty, with more than half serving full time ( 54 percent).

| Ecclesial Status of Religion/Theology Department Faculty by Employment Status Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Christian Brother | 2 | 5\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Lay woman | 18 | 46\% | 9 | 27\% |
| Lay man | 17 | 44\% | 21 | 64\% |
| Woman religious | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Other male religious/priest | 2 | 5\% | 3 | 9\% |
| Total | 39 | 54\% | 33 | 46\% |

More than half of religion/theology teachers are lay men ( 53 percent), with another 37 percent identified as lay women.

## Ecclesial Status of Religion Teachers

Number and percentage


## Mission/Identity Personnel

Finally, 35 people work in the mission/identity offices. Some 83 percent of these personnel work part time, with 17 percent serving full time.

| Ecclesial Status of Mission/Identity Personnel by Employment Status Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Christian Brother | 1 | 17\% | 3 | 10\% |
| Lay woman | 3 | 50\% | 17 | 59\% |
| Lay man | 2 | 33\% | 9 | 31\% |
| Woman religious | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Other male religious/priest | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Total | 6 | 17\% | 29 | 83\% |

More than half of mission/identity personnel are lay women ( 57 percent), with 31 percent lay men. Some 12 percent are Christian Brothers.


## Part III: Educational Centers

This section of the report presents the findings for nine of the 11 educational centers formally associated with a District in RELAN. ${ }^{31}$ These programs include retreats, adult/family learning centers, summer camps, tutoring programs, and other programs for youth. Most primary and secondary schools, as well as colleges and universities are excluded from this section of the report.

## Year Founded

About a fifth of the educational centers were founded before 1950 (22 percent). The oldest center, founded in 1886, is the La Salle Retreat Center in Glencoe, Missouri. The most recently founded center is the Centre lasallien Saint-Michel in Montréal, Québec, established in 2007. Their average year founded is 1968.

| Year of Founding |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\%$ |
| 1850 to 1899 | 1 | $11 \%$ |
| 1900 to 1949 | 1 | $11 \%$ |
| 1950 to 1974 | 3 | $33 \%$ |
| 1975 to 1999 | 2 | $22 \%$ |
| 2000 to current | 2 | $22 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

## Differences by Districts

- Francophone Canada District's three centers opened in 1939, 1971, and 2007. The average year they opened is 1972 .
- The Midwest District's six centers were established between 1886 and 2002, with five of the six established between 1958 and 2002. Their average year of founding is 1966.

[^27]
## Overview of Centers

The nine educational centers operated in two of the four Districts of RELAN in 20212022.

Which of the following does your center provide?
Number and percentage

|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Retreat center | 6 | $67 \%$ |
| Summer camp | 4 | $44 \%$ |
| Adult/family learning center | 4 | $44 \%$ |
| Tutoring center | 2 | $22 \%$ |
|  |  |  |
| Other | 0 | $0 \%$ |

- Two-thirds of educational centers have retreat centers (six centers or 67 percent).
- Summer camps and adult/family learning centers are offered at four educational centers (44 percent each).
- Two centers have tutoring centers (22 percent).


## Differences by District

The Midwest District is home to six of the 11 educational centers in RELAN, nine of which responded to the survey. Four of these Midwest centers offer retreats, while two each offer a summer camp and an adult/family learning center.

| Which of the following does your center provide? Number reporting |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Francophone Canada | Midwest |
| Retreat center | 2 | 4 |
| Summer camp | 2 | 2 |
| Adult/family learning center | 2 | 2 |
| Tutoring center | 2 | 0 |
| Other | 0 | 0 |
| Total centers overall | 3 | 6 |

Three education centers are located in the Francophone Canada District, which provide the following services: retreat centers (two centers), summer camps (two centers), adult/family learning centers (two centers), and tutoring centers (two centers).

## Ownership

Educational centers were asked to identify the ownership of the center. Although legal and financial responsibility for an educational center often rests with an independent Board of Trustees, canonical responsibilities for each Catholic institution belong to a canonical juridic person, often through the Member or Members of the Corporation. The following definitions for an entity with canonical responsibility for education centers were provided for respondents:

- Christian Brother: refers to centers that are governed by a board but have the District as its member or succeeding corporation.
- Diocese: includes centers that are governed by a board but have the Diocese as its member or succeeding corporation.
- Some other organization: includes centers owned by other religious congregations, independent boards of trustees, and others.

Eight of the nine centers are Christian Brother owned, with one of the other describing itself as an independent 501(c)(3).

## Education Centers by District and Ownership

|  | Christian <br> Brother | Diocese | Other |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Francophone Canada | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Midwest | 5 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |

## Service to Those Under 21

The centers were asked to list the number of people under the age of 21 years old served by their center for the 2021-2022 academic year. A total of 20,497 people under the age of 21 were served by educational centers. The majority of those served by both residential ( 56 percent) and day services (51 percent) are male.

|  | People Under Age 21 Served by Centers Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Residential |  | Day |  | Total |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| Males | 3,035 | 56\% | 7,785 | 51\% | 10,820 | 53\% |
| Females | 2,342 | 44\% | 7,335 | 49\% | 9,677 | 47\% |
| Total | 5,377 | 26\% | 15,120 | 74\% | 20,497 | 100\% |

Nearly three-quarters of those under age 21 were served by day services ( 74 percent).


## Differences by District

Nearly six in ten people under 21 served were at educational centers in Francophone Canada (57 percent).

|  | People Under Age 21 Served by Centers Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Francophone Canada |  | Midwest |  | Total |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| Males | 5,826 | 49\% | 4,994 | 57\% | 10,820 | 53\% |
| Females | 5,952 | 51\% | 3,725 | 43\% | 9,677 | 47\% |
| Total | 11,778 | 57\% | 8,719 | 43\% | 20,497 | 100\% |

- A slight majority of the people under 21 served in Francophone Canada were females (51 percent).
- Almost six-tenths of those under 21 in the Midwest District were males (57 percent).


## Service to Those 21 and Over

Respondents were asked to list the number of people age 21 and older served by their center during the 2021-2022 academic year. A total of 7,866 people ages 21 or older were served by educational centers. More than half of those served at residential programs (57\%) and day programs ( $52 \%$ ) were females.

| People Ages 21 and Over Served by Centers Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Residential |  | Day |  | Total |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| Males | 1,633 | 43\% | 1,918 | 48\% | 3,551 | 45\% |
| Females | 2,202 | 57\% | 2,113 | 52\% | 4,315 | 55\% |
| Total | 3,835 | 49\% | 4,031 | 51\% | 7,866 | 100\% |

About half each of those ages 21 and over were served by day services ( 51 percent) and residential services (49 percent).


## Differences by District

Some 97 percent of those served ages 21 and older were served at educational centers in the Midwest District.

| People Age 21 and Over Served by Centers <br> Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Francophone Canada |  | Midwest |  |  |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| Males | 125 | 49\% | 3,426 | 45\% | 3,551 | 45\% |
| Females | 132 | 51\% | 4,183 | 55\% | 4,315 | 55\% |
| Total | 257 | 3\% | 7,609 | 97\% | 7,866 | 100\% |

A majority of those ages 21 and older served in the Midwest District ( 55 percent) and in Francophone Canada (51 percent) were females.

## Total Served

Combining both those served under age 21 and those served ages 21 and over, 28,363 total people were served by the educational centers in RELAN during the 2021-2022 fiscal year. Slightly more than half of those served at each program were male ( 51 percent).

## Total People Served by All RELAN Educational Centers

Number and percentage

|  | Residential |  | Day |  | Total |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\%$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\boldsymbol{\%}$ |
| Male | 4,668 | $51 \%$ | 9,703 | $51 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 3 7 1}$ | $\mathbf{5 1 \%}$ |
| Female | 4,544 | $49 \%$ | 9,448 | $49 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 9 9 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 9 \%}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{9 , 2 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 , 1 5 1}$ | $\mathbf{6 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 , 3 6 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

Two in three of people were served in residential services (68 percent).


## Differences by District

Nearly six in ten of those served at responding educational centers in RELAN were served at centers in the Midwest District (58 percent).

| Total People Served by Centers Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Francophone Canada |  | Midwest |  | Total |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| Males | 5,951 | 49\% | 8,420 | 52\% | 14,371 | 51\% |
| Females | 6,084 | 51\% | 7,908 | 48\% | 13,992 | 49\% |
| Total | 12,035 | 42\% | 16,328 | 58\% | 28,363 | 100\% |

A slight majority of those served in the Midwest District were male (52 percent), with a slight majority of those served in Francophone Canada were female ( 51 percent).

## Academic Credit

One Midwest District center offers certificates and credits for courses. The center reports awarding 2,993 certificates.


Three persons received academic credits at the college level through participation in the educational centers this year.

## Faculty and Staff Overview

The next section of the survey asked about the faculty and staff at educational centers. Each faculty/staff member is listed only once, and they are counted in the area in which they spend the majority of their time. Both full-time and part-time positions are included, and combined unless otherwise noted. In total, 248 people are employed at Lasallian educational centers, with an average of 28 employees per college or university.

## Administration

People in administrative positions hold the title or equivalent title of head executive, secondary executives, additional executives, and other administrators. In all, there are 59 administrators. ${ }^{32}$

## Number of Full-time and Part-time Administrative Staff by Ecclesial Status

|  | Christian Brother |  | Lay <br> Woman |  | Lay Man |  | Woman Religious |  | Other Male Religious/Priest $\mathrm{N} \quad \%$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |  |  |
| Head executive (including President, CEO, Executive Director, Center | 3 | 21\% | 4 | 29\% | 7 | 50\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Secondary executives (including Vice President, Assistant Director, and others) | 0 | 0\% | 2 | 29\% | 5 | 71\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Additional executives (including Director of Treatment, Director of Social Services, Dean of Students, and others) | 3 | 13\% | 5 | 22\% | 10 | 43\% | 1 | 4\% | 4 | 17\% |
| Other administrators | 1 | 7\% | 8 | 53\% | 6 | 40\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Total | 7 | 12\% | 19 | 32\% | 28 | 47\% | 1 | $2 \%$ | 4 | 7\% |

- Lay men make up a majority or a plurality of administrators at the head executive (50 percent), secondary executive ( 71 percent), and additional executive ( 43 percent) levels.
- Lay women make up a majority of other administrators (53 percent).

[^28]Lay men ( 47 percent) and lay women (32 percent) together make up eight in ten administrators ( 79 percent). Christian Brothers make up 12 percent.


## Differences by District

In Francophone Canada, there are 28 administrators. Fourteen percent of administrative staff members are Christian Brothers. Among the others, 46 percent are lay men, and 39 percent are lay women.

Number of Full-time and Part-time Administrative Staff by Ecclesial Status
Francophone Canada only - 3 Centers

|  | Christian <br> Brother | Lay <br> Woman | Lay <br> Man | Woman <br> Religious | Other Male <br> Religious/Priest |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Head executive | 3 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Secondary executives | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Additional executives | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Other administration | 1 | 8 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 3}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |

In the Midwest District, 31 total administrative staff at centers were identified, with 48 percent of them lay men, 26 percent of them lay women, 13 percent of them non-Christian Brother male religious/priests, 10 percent of them Christian Brothers, and 3 percent of them women religious.

| Number of Full-time and Part-time Administrative Staff by Ecclesial Status Midwest only - 6 Centers |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Christian Brother | Lay Woman | Lay <br> Man | Woman <br> Religious | Other Male Religious/Priest |
| Head executive | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Secondary executives | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Additional executives | 3 | 5 | 7 | 1 | 4 |
| Other administration | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 3 | 8 | 15 | 1 | 4 |

## Non-faculty Professionals

Non-faculty professionals include campus ministers, athletic directors, business/finance directors, plant managers, alumni directors, development directors, curriculum coordinators, directors of admissions, directors of food services, residential counselors, librarians, and others who need a degree for their position, excluding faculty. Seventy-eight percent of the 18 nonfaculty professionals serve full time.

| Ecclesial Status of Non-faculty Professionals by Employment Status Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Christian Brother | 3 | 21\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Lay woman | 5 | 36\% | 3 | 75\% |
| Lay man | 6 | 43\% | 1 | 25\% |
| Woman religious | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Other male religious/priest | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Total | 14 | 78\% | 4 | 22\% |

Roughly four in ten lay women (44 percent) and lay men ( 39 percent) make up the educational centers' non-faculty professionals. One in six is a Christian Brother (17 percent).


## Teaching Faculty

Nearly all of the 67 teaching faculty members at Lasallian educational centers serve part time ( 97 percent).

## Ecclesial Status of Teaching Faculty

Number and percentage

|  | Full Time |  |  | Part Time |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ |  |
| Christian Brother | 0 | $0 \%$ | 4 | $6 \%$ |  |
| Lay woman | 2 | $100 \%$ | 33 | $51 \%$ |  |
| Lay man | 0 | $0 \%$ | 23 | $35 \%$ |  |
| Woman religious | 0 | $0 \%$ | 3 | $5 \%$ |  |
| Other religious/priest | 0 | $0 \%$ | 2 | $3 \%$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 5}$ | $\mathbf{9 7 \%}$ |  |

Lay women make up a majority of teaching faculty ( 52 percent), followed by lay men (34 percent).

## Ecclesial Status of Teaching Faculty

Number and percentage


## Direct Service Staff

Seven-tenths of the 26 direct service staff members at Lasallian educational centers serve part time ( 69 percent).

| Ecclesial Status of Direct Service Staff Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Christian Brother | 1 | 13\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Lay woman | 2 | 25\% | 8 | 44\% |
| Lay man | 4 | 50\% | 9 | 50\% |
| Woman religious | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Other religious/priest | 1 | 13\% | 1 | 6\% |
| Total | 8 | 31\% | 18 | 69\% |

Lay men make up half of direct service staff members ( 50 percent), with lay women making up another 38 percent.


## Support Staff

Nine-tenths of the 78 support staff members at Lasallian educational centers serve part time ( 91 percent).

| Ecclesial Status of Support Staff Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Christian Brother | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Lay woman | 2 | 29\% | 40 | 56\% |
| Lay man | 5 | 71\% | 31 | 44\% |
| Woman religious | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Other male religious/priest | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Total | 7 | 9\% | 71 | 91\% |

Lay women make up more than half of support staff members ( 54 percent), with lay men making up the rest (46 percent).

## Ecclesial Status of Support Staff

Number and percentage


## Ethnic Backgrounds of Faculty and Staff

Overall, administrators, faculty and staff are most likely to be identified as White or Caucasian (47 percent). In addition, three-tenths are identified as Hispanic or Latino (31 percent) and one-tenth is Black or African American (10 percent). Eight percent are identified as biracial or multiracial and 3 percent as a race or ethnicity not listed here.


## Differences by District

Whites make up more than half of the faculty and staff of educational center faculty and staff in the Francophone Canada District ( 56 percent), with Hispanic or Latinos making up a majority of the Midwest District employees ( 58 percent).

| Ethnicity of Faculty and Staff <br> Number and percentage in District |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Francophone Canada |  | Midwest |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 2 | 2\% | 1 | 1\% |
| Black or African American | 25 | 20\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Hispanic or Latino | 6 | 5\% | 71 | 58\% |
| Native American or Inuit | 1 | 1\% | 0 | 0\% |
| White or Caucasian | 71 | 56\% | 46 | 38\% |
| Biracial or multiracial | 17 | 13\% | 2 | 2\% |
| A race and/or ethnicity not listed here | 4 | $3 \%$ | 2 | 2\% |
| Total | 126 | 51\% | 122 | 49\% |

## Pastoral Ministry Overview

For this section of the report, pastoral ministers are counted even if they have already been included in faculty and staff totals. In addition, if a person falls into more than one category below, they are included in each category. Altogether, there are 17 pastoral ministry positions filled at the centers.

## Campus Ministers

Three of the nine education centers list a total of 14 campus ministers, all of whom serve full time.

## Ecclesial Status of Campus Ministers

Number and percentage

|  | Full Time |  |  | Part Time |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ |  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ |
| Christian Brother | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |  |
| Lay woman | 6 | $43 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |  |
| Lay man | 8 | $57 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |  |
| Woman religious | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |  |
| Other male religious/priest | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ |  |

More than half of campus ministers are lay men (57 percent).


## Religion/Theology Faculty

No educational centers report any religion/theology faculty.

## Mission/Identity Personnel

Two of the educational centers report mission/identity personnel, all three of whom serve full time and are lay men.

| Ecclesial Status of Mission/Identity Personnel Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Christian Brother | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Lay woman | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Lay man | 3 | 100\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Woman religious | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Other male religious/priest | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Total | 3 | 100\% | 0 | 0\% |

## Unpaid Volunteers

One educational center reports having unpaid volunteers, all of whom serve in a part-time capacity (59 percent).

| Ecclesial Status of Unpaid Volunteers by Employment Status Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Christian Brother | 0 | 0\% | 6 | 11\% |
| Lay woman | 0 | 0\% | 30 | 56\% |
| Lay man | 0 | 0\% | 12 | 22\% |
| Woman religious | 0 | 0\% | 2 | 4\% |
| Other male religious/priest | 0 | 0\% | 4 | 7\% |
| Total | 0 | 0\% | 54 | 100\% |

More than half of unpaid volunteers are lay women (56 percent).


## Part IV: Youth and Family Services

All five of the youth and family services centers in RELAN in 2021-2022 are in DENA. The programs of these centers include adjudicated youth programs, special education, counseling, group homes, and tutoring. All primary schools, secondary schools, colleges, and universities that offer similar services are excluded from this section of the report.

## Overview of Services

All of the youth and family services have special education centers (100 percent), and counseling and support programs (100 percent). Adjudicated youth programs ( 40 percent) and group homes services ( 40 percent) are offered at two of the five centers.

| Which of the following does your <br> youth and family service provide? <br> Number and percentage |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Special education center | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\%$ |
| Counseling and support program | 5 | $100 \%$ |
| Adjudicated youth program | 5 | $100 \%$ |
| Group home | 2 | $40 \%$ |
| Other | 2 | $40 \%$ |

Two of the five youth and family services marked that they offer "other" services. They describe these services as (lightly edited):

- QRTP [Qualified Residential Treatment Program]
- Residential treatment center


## Year Founded

Two in five of the youth and family services centers were founded before 1900. The average year of founding is 1928. The oldest center, founded in 1854, is La Salle School in Albany, New York. The most recently founded center is Ocean Tides Family Services in West Warwick, Rhode Island, which was founded in 1983.

| Year of Founding <br> Number and percentage |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\%$ |
| Before 1900 | 2 | $40 \%$ |
| 1900 to 1949 | 0 | $0 \%$ |
| 1950 to 1999 | 3 | $60 \%$ |
| 2000 to current | 0 | $0 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

## Ownership

Youth and family services were asked to identify the ownership of the service. Although legal and financial responsibility for a youth and family service often rests with an independent Board of Trustees, canonical responsibilities for each Catholic institution belong to a canonical juridic person, often through the Member or Members of the Corporation. The following definitions for an entity with canonical responsibility for education centers were provided for respondents:

- Christian Brother: refers to centers that are governed by a board but have the District as its member or succeeding corporation.
- Diocese: includes centers that are governed by a board but have the Diocese as its member or succeeding corporation.
- Some other organization: includes centers owned by other religious congregations, independent boards of trustees, and others.

Three in five are Christian Brother owned ( 60 percent) while the other one is diocesanowned (20 percent).

## Youth and Family Services

by Ownership
Number reporting
Christian Brothers 3
Diocese 1
Other 1
Total 5

The one center categorized as "other" describes itself as a "Lasallian-affiliated organization."

## Service to Those Under 21

Respondents were asked to list the number of people under the age of 21 years old served by the center during the 2021-2022 academic year (or the most previous 12-month period). A total of 993 people under the age of 21 were served by youth and family services. Three in four of those served under age 21 by youth and family services are male ( 76 percent).

| People Under 21 Served by Youth and Family Services Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Residential |  | Day |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Male | 206 | 89\% | 544 | 71\% |
| Female | 25 | 11\% | 218 | 29\% |
| Total | 231 | 23\% | 762 | 77\% |

## Differences by Type of Services

About three in four ( 77 percent) of the people under 21 served by services during the 2021-2022 academic year (or the most previous 12-month period) attended day programs.


## Service to Those 21 and Over

Respondents were asked to list the number of people age 21 and older served by their services during the 2021-2022 academic year. A total of 98 people under the age of 21 were served by youth and family services, all in residential services. Nearly nine in ten are male (86 percent).

| People 21 and Over Served by Youth and Family Services Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Residential |  |  |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Male | 84 | 86\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Female | 14 | 14\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Total | 98 | 100\% | 0 | 0\% |

## Total Served

In total, 1,091 people were served by youth and family services in RELAN, 91 percent of whom were under the age of 21 .

| Total People of All Ages Served by Youth and Family Services Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Residential |  | Day |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Male | 290 | 88\% | 544 | 71\% |
| Female | 39 | 12\% | 218 | 29\% |
| Total | 329 | 30\% | 762 | 70\% |

- Some 76 percent of those served at centers were male and 24 percent were female.
- Seventy percent were served in day programs with 30 percent served in residential programs.


## Academic Credit

All five centers ( 100 percent) offer some form of academic credit. The most common are diplomas and credit for courses - offered at 100 percent of youth and family services.

## Does your program offer:

Number and percentage

|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\boldsymbol{\%}^{*}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Diploma | 5 | $100 \%$ |
| Credit for courses | 5 | $100 \%$ |
| Certificate in career/technical education | 3 | $60 \%$ |
| None of the above | 0 | $0 \%$ |

*Percentages sum to more than 100 percent because respondents could choose more than one answer.

Altogether, 279 persons received academic credits through their participation in youth and family services. Fully 99 percent received credit at the high school level, with 1 percent earning it at the middle school level. None earned academic credits at the elementary school, undergraduate or graduate levels. Additionally, three students earned a certificate and 41 earned a diploma from the centers (not shown in the graph).

Of the total people served at your program, how many received academic credit in the following categories?
Number and percentage from those programs that offer academic credit


## Faculty and Staff Overview

The next section of the survey asked about the faculty and staff at youth and family service centers. Each faculty/staff member is listed only once, and they are counted in the area in which they spend the majority of their time. Both full-time and part-time positions are included, and combined unless otherwise noted. In total, 625 people are employed at Lasallian youth and family services centers, with an average of 125 employees per center.

## Administration

People in administrative positions hold the title or equivalent title of head executive, secondary executives, additional executives, and other administrators. In all, there are 62 administrators. ${ }^{33}$

## Number of Full-time and Part-time Administrative Staff by Ecclesial Status

| Christian | Lay |  | Woman | Other Male |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brothe | Woman | Lay Man | Religious | Religious/Priest |
| \% | N \% | N \% | N \% | N \% |

Head executive
(including President,
CEO, Executive
Director, Center
$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}\text { Director, and others) } & 1 & 17 \% & 2 & 33 \% & 3 & 50 \% & 0 & 0 \% & 0 & 0 \%\end{array}$
Secondary executives
(including Vice
President, Assistant
$\begin{array}{llllllllllll}\text { Director, and others) } & 0 & 0 \% & 7 & 39 \% & 11 & 61 \% & 0 & 0 \% & 0 & 0 \%\end{array}$
Additional executives
(including Director
of Treatment,
Director of Social
Services, Dean of

| Students, and others) | 0 | $0 \%$ | 24 | $73 \%$ | 9 | $27 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other administrators | 0 | $0 \%$ | 4 | $80 \%$ | 1 | $20 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |


| Total | 1 | $1 \%$ | 37 | $60 \%$ | 24 | $39 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

- Lay women make up more than half ( 60 percent) of the 62 administrators reported. By position, lay women make up the following: head executives ( 33 percent), secondary executives ( 39 percent), additional executives ( 73 percent), and other administrators ( 80 percent).

[^29]- Lay men, who account for 39 percent of the administrative staff, make up 50 percent of head executives, 61 percent of secondary executives, 27 percent of additional executives, and 20 percent of other administrators.
- One head executive is a Christian Brother.

Six-tenths of administrators are lay women (60 percent).


## Non-faculty Professionals

Non-faculty professionals include campus ministers, athletic directors, business/finance directors, plant managers, alumni directors, development directors, curriculum coordinators, directors of admissions, directors of food services, residential counselors, librarians, and others who need a degree for their position, excluding faculty. In all, there are 65 non-faculty professionals serving at the youth and family services. More than eight in ten hold full-time positions ( 83 percent).

| Ecclesial Status of Non-faculty Professionals Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Christian Brother | 2 | 4\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Lay woman | 36 | 67\% | 10 | 91\% |
| Lay man | 15 | 28\% | 1 | 9\% |
| Woman religious | 1 | 2\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Other male religious/priest | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Total | 54 | 83\% | 11 | 17\% |

Seven in ten non-faculty professionals are lay women (71 percent) and a quarter are lay men ( 25 percent).


## Teaching Faculty

Nearly all of the 88 teaching faculty at youth and family services teach full time (95 percent).

## Ecclesial Status of Teaching Faculty

Number and percentage

|  | Full Time |  |  | Part Time |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ |  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ |
| Christian Brother | 2 | $2 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |  |
| Lay woman | 40 | $48 \%$ |  | 2 | $50 \%$ |
| Lay man | 42 | $50 \%$ |  | 2 | $50 \%$ |
| Woman religious | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |  |
| Other male religious/priest | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{8 4}$ | $\mathbf{9 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5 \%}$ |  |

About half of teaching faculty members are lay men (50 percent) or lay women (48 percent). Two are Christian Brothers.


## Direct Service Staff

Direct service staff includes therapeutic support staff, therapeutic counselors, guidance counselors, social workers, group living managers, youth care workers, and others. Altogether, there are 357 direct service staff members at youth and family services. Nearly nine in ten (88 percent) are full time, with about one in ten working part time (12\%).

## Ecclesial Status of Direct Service Staff

Number and percentage

|  | Full Time |  |  | Part Time |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ |  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\boldsymbol{\%}$ |
|  | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |  |
| Christian Brother | 157 | $50 \%$ | 27 | $64 \%$ |  |
| Lay woman | 158 | $50 \%$ | 15 | $36 \%$ |  |
| Lay man | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |  |
| Woman religious | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |  |
| Other male religious/priest |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{3 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{8 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 \%}$ |  |

Over half of direct service staff are lay women ( 52 percent) and just under half are lay men (48 percent).


## Support Staff

Support staff includes secretaries, bookstore managers, office workers, cooks, security personnel, and others who generally do not need a degree for their position. In all, there are 53 support staff members, 89 percent of whom serve full time.

## Ecclesial Status of Support Staff

Number and percentage

|  | Full Time |  |  | Part Time |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |  |
| Christian Brother | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $83 \%$ |  |
| Lay woman | 23 | $51 \%$ | 5 | $17 \%$ |  |
| Lay man | 0 | $49 \%$ | 1 | $17 \%$ |  |
| Woman religious | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |  |
| Other male religious/priest |  |  | 0 | $0 \%$ |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 7}$ | $\mathbf{8 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 \%}$ |  |

A slight majority of support staff personnel are lay women (55 percent).


## Ethnic Backgrounds of Faculty and Staff

Overall, the 625 faculty and staff members are most likely to be identified as White or Caucasian ( 50 percent) and Black or African American ( 29 percent). In addition, almost one in ten is Hispanic or Latino (8 percent).


## Pastoral Ministry Overview

For this section of the report, pastoral ministers are counted even if they have already been included in faculty and staff totals. In addition, if a person falls into more than one category below, they are included in each category. In all, youth and family services report one pastoral ministry positions.

## Campus Ministers

There is one full-time campus ministers at youth and family services, a lay woman.

## Religion/Theology Faculty

There are no religion/theology faculty members at youth and family services.

## Mission/Identity Personnel

There are no mission/identity personnel at youth and family services.

## Part V: Support Ministries

A total of five support ministries are presented here: Lasallian Educational and Research Initiatives (formerly St. Mary's Press, established in 1943), Christian Brothers Conference (established in 1960), Christian Brothers Investment Services (established in 1981), Christian Brothers Services (established in 1985), and Lasallian Christian Brothers Foundation (established in 2013). The Christian Brothers Conference is geographically located in DENA, but is not a DENA ministry. The Lasallian Christian Brothers Foundation is located in the SFNO District, while the other three are located in the Midwest District. These ministries responded to the survey for their 2021-2022 year.

## Administrative Staff

Altogether, there are 19 administrators at support ministries in RELAN. Three administrators are Christian Brothers ( 16 percent). Lay women fill nine administrative staff positions ( 47 percent), with lay men filling nine ( 37 percent).

| Full-time and Part-time Administrative Staff by Ecclesial Status Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Christian Brother |  | Lay Woman |  | Lay Man |  | Woman Religious |  | Other Male Religious/Priests |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% | N | \% |
| President | 1 | 33\% | 1 | 11\% | 3 | 43\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Vice president(s) | 1 | 33\% | 4 | 44\% | 3 | 43\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Other administrators | 1 | 33\% | 4 | 44\% | 1 | 14\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Total | 3 | 16\% | 9 | 47\% | 7 | 37\% | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |

## Office Staff

In total, 326 people work as office staff at RELAN support ministries, 89 percent of which are full time positions.

## Ecclesial Status of Office Staff by Employment Status

Number and percentage

|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | $\mathbf{\%}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ |
| Christian Brother | 2 | $1 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |
| Lay woman | 206 | $71 \%$ | 30 | $83 \%$ |
| Lay man | 80 | $28 \%$ | 6 | $17 \%$ |
| Woman religious | 2 | $1 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |
| Other male religious/priest | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 \%}$ |

About seven in ten of the office staff are lay women (72 percent), with another quarter lay men (26 percent).


## Ethnic Backgrounds of Administrators and Staff

Altogether, there are 345 administrators and staff members in Lasallian support ministries. Overall, administrators and staff are most likely to be identified as White or Caucasian (83 percent). In addition, at least one in 20 is identified as Hispanic or Latino ( 9 percent) or Black or African American (4 percent). Two percent or less are identified either as biracial or multiracial ( 2 percent) or as a race and/or ethnicity not listed among the categories (less than 1 percent).


## Part VI: District and Regional Information

This section of the report provides an overview for 2022-2023 of District and Regional offices, including administration and staff.

## Overview of Offices

There are five total District offices and one Regional office.

| Number of District and <br> Regional Offices |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| RELAN | 1 |
| DENA | 1 |
| Francophone Canada | 1 |
| Midwest | 1 |
| SFNO | 2 |
| Total | 6 |

## Administrators

The tables and figures below report the number of District/Regional administrators. These numbers include Visitors, Auxiliary Visitors, as well as the directors of education, vocation promotion, formation, finance, development and others of similar responsibilities. Nine in ten of the 34 administrators in District and Regional offices serve full time ( 91 percent).

| Ecclesial Status of Administrators Number and percentage |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
|  | N | \% | N | \% |
| Christian Brother | 17 | 45\% | 1 | 33\% |
| Lay woman | 4 | 11\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Lay man | 9 | 24\% | 2 | 67\% |
| Woman religious | 0 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Other male religious/priest | 1 | $3 \%$ | 0 | 0\% |
| Total | 31 | 91\% | 3 | 9\% |

More than half of the District/Regional administrators are Christian Brothers (53 percent). A third are lay men ( 32 percent) and about a tenth are lay women ( 12 percent). One administrator is a non-Christian Brother male religious brother or priest (3\%).


## Office Staff

In total, 58 people work as office staff at District/Regional offices. Almost two in three (64 percent) of office staff at District/Regional offices hold full-time positions.

## Ecclesial Status of Office Staff

Number and percentage

|  | Full Time |  | Part Time |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{\%}$ |
| Christian Brother | 9 | $24 \%$ | 4 | $19 \%$ |
| Lay woman | 21 | $57 \%$ | 14 | $67 \%$ |
| Lay man | 7 | $19 \%$ | 3 | $14 \%$ |
| Woman religious | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |
| Other male religious/priest | 0 | $0 \%$ | 0 | $0 \%$ |
| Total |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{3 7}$ | $\mathbf{6 4 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 6 \%}$ |

Six in ten of all office staff members are lay women (60 percent), with Christian Brothers (23 percent) making up almost a quarter of the office staff personnel.


## Part VII: De La Salle Christian Brothers Working for Other Apostolates

Part VI reports data about the De La Salle Christian Brothers of RELAN who pursue their ministry in other apostolates: either serving outside the District, or serving in other ministries not counted as a part of this survey. This activity is professional in nature. It is either the normal professional activity of the person concerned or unpaid work whose impact is greater than that of a simple personal charitable commitment. Examples of this work include (but are not limited to) writing books, researching, publishing, training teachers, teaching in nonLasallian higher education, working for a diocesan organization, or similar work.

Each of the tables below lists the places where Christian Brothers are working in other apostolates, along with a brief description of this work.

DENA

## Christian Brothers Working for Other Apostolates DENA

Name of
Organization
Blessed Sacrament

Church $\quad$ City, State $\quad$\begin{tabular}{l}
Type of <br>
Organization

$\quad$

Ministry <br>
Description

$\quad$

Number <br>
of <br>
Brothers
\end{tabular}

## District of Francophone Canada

\left.|  | Christian Brothers Working for Other Apostolates |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Francophone Canada |  |  |  |  |$\right]$

## Midwest District

## Christian Brothers Working for Other Apostolates <br> Midwest District

| Name of <br> Organization <br> Archdiocese of <br> Omaha | City, State | Type of <br> Organization | Ministry <br> Description | Number of <br> Brothers |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| De La Salle <br> University <br> John XXIII <br> Educational | Manila, <br> Philippines <br> Center | Racine, WI | Archdiocese | Consultant |

## SFNO District

There are no Christian Brothers from SFNO working for other apostolates.

## Part VIII: Overview of De La Salle Christian Brothers of RELAN

The tables below outline the total number of De La Salle Christian Brothers in RELAN. There are 446 Christian Brothers in the Region. Nearly half ( 47 percent) are in DENA, while approximately one-fifth each is in the Midwest District ( 23 percent) or in SFNO (21 percent). Francophone Canada ( 9 percent) has about one in ten of the Christian Brothers in the Region.

| Number of De La Salle Christian <br> Brothers in RELAN <br> Number and percentage |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\%$ |
| DENA | 209 | $47 \%$ |
| Francophone |  |  |
| Canada | 41 | $9 \%$ |
| Midwest | 103 | $23 \%$ |
| SFNO | 93 | $21 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 4 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

One in five (19 percent) Christian Brothers in RELAN is serving in a PK-12 school, while another one in ten serve in higher education ( 9 percent). More than half ( 55 percent) are retired.

| Number of De La Salle Christian Brothers in RELAN <br> Number and percentage |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{N}$ |  |  |
| PK-12 schools | 83 | $19 \%$ |
| Higher education | 41 | $9 \%$ |
| Overseas apostolates | 9 | $2 \%$ |
| Institute/Regional/District offices | 35 | $8 \%$ |
| Youth and family services | 8 | $2 \%$ |
| Other apostolates | 13 | $3 \%$ |
| On study | 0 | $0 \%$ |
| Caregivers | 12 | $3 \%$ |
| Retired | 244 | $55 \%$ |
| Leave of absence | 1 | $<1 \%$ |
|  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 4 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |
|  |  |  |

Two in five active Brothers - those who are not retired or on a leave of absence - are serving in PK-12 schools (41 percent). One-fifth is in higher education (20 percent), and onesixth serves in regional/district office ( 17 percent). About one in 20 each serves as caregivers ( 6 percent), in an overseas apostolate ( 5 percent), in youth and family services (4 percent), or in some other apostolate (7 percent).


## Appendix: <br> Questionnaires Used in This Year's Census

## 2022 Annual Survey of Lasallian Region of North America Ministries: Schools

## Directory Information

These first questions will be used to generate the directory of ministries in the Lasallian Region of North America. Please update this information exactly as you would like it to appear in this directory.

## School Information:

School Name:
Street Address:
City, State/Province:
ZIP/Postal Code:
Telephone Number:
Fax Number:
Website Address:
Local Diocese:
Year Established:

## Leadership Information:

| President: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Telephone Number | Email: |
| Principal: | Email: |
| Telephone Number | Email: |
| Co-Principal | Email: |
| Telephone Number |  |
| Board Chair: | Email: |
| Telephone Number | Email: |
| Campus Minister |  |
| Telephone Number | Email: |
| Lasallian Youth Moderator: |  |
| Telephone Number | Email: |
| Mission Officer/Lasallian <br> Animator |  |
| Telephone Number | Email: |
| Communications Contact: |  |
| Telephone Number |  |
| Director of Development: |  |
| Telephone Number |  |

## Contact Information for the Person Completing this Form:

Your name:
Your title:
Your phone number:
Your email address:

```
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```

For the questions that follow, please refer to your school's data from the 2022-2023 academic year unless otherwise noted.

| 1. Please indicate which grade levels are included in this school: Check all that apply. |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\square$ | a. Pre-school | $\square$ | h. $6^{\text {th }}$ grade |
| $\square$ | b. Kindergarten | $\square$ | i. $7^{\text {th }}$ grade |
| $\square$ | c. s $^{\text {st }}$ grade | $\square$ | j. $8^{\text {th }}$ grade |
| $\square$ | d. $2^{\text {nd }}$ grade | $\square$ | k. $9^{\text {th }}$ grade |
| $\square$ | e. $3^{\text {rd }}$ grade | $\square$ | 1. $10^{\text {th }}$ grade |
| $\square$ | f. $4^{\text {th }}$ grade | $\square$ | m. $11^{\text {th }}$ grade |
| $\square$ | g. $5^{\text {th }}$ grade | $\square$ | n. $12^{\text {th }}$ grade |

2. Please indicate the gender composition of this school: Check only one.a. Co-educationalb. All malec. All female
3. Which of the following terms best describes the ownership or canonical sponsorship of this school?
Note:
4. FSC or Co-sponsored with FSC: Refers to schools for which a District of the Brothers of the Christian Schools has canonical responsibility or is a part of the co-sponsorship
5. Diocese: Refers to schools for which a diocese has canonical responsibility (that is, both diocesan and parish schools)
6. Private, independent: Refers to schools for which an independent board of directors or other entity
7. Other: Neither a District of the Brothers of Christian Schools NOR a diocese has canonical responsibility; this includes schools for which another religious institute or organization has canonical responsibilitya. FSC or FSC is co-sponsorb. Diocese
c. Private, independent
d. Other (specify:

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## Part I: Students

Please complete the table below using enrollment figures from the 2022-2023 academic year, as of September 30, 2022.

| 4. Grade | Total Number of Students |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Pre-school |  |
| b. Kindergarten |  |
| c. $1^{\text {st }}$ grade |  |
| d. $2^{\text {nd }}$ grade |  |
| e. $3^{\text {rd }}$ grade |  |
| f. $4^{\text {th }}$ grade |  |
| g. $5^{\text {th }}$ grade |  |
| h. $6^{\text {th }}$ grade |  |
| i. $7^{\text {th }}$ grade |  |
| j. $8^{\text {th }}$ grade |  |
| k. $9^{\text {th }}$ grade |  |
| 1. $10^{\text {th }}$ grade |  |
| m. $11^{\text {th }}$ grade |  |
| n. $12^{\text {th }}$ grade |  |
| Total | AUTOSUM |

## Of those students listed in question 4 how many are:

| 5. Sex | Total Number of Students |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Male |  |
| b. Female |  |
| Total | AUTOSUM |

[ERROR: If Q5 AUTOSUM $=$ Q4 AUTOSUM]

## Of those students listed in question 4, how many are:

| 6. Religion | Total Number of Students |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Roman Catholic |  |
| b. Other Christian |  |
| c. Jewish |  |
| d. Muslim |  |
| e. Other Faith |  |
| f. Nothing in particular |  |
| g. Data not available |  |
| Total | AUTOSUM |

[ERROR: If Q6 AUTOSUM $=$ Q4 AUTOSUM]
7. How would the students listed in question 4 best be identified?

| Ethnic Background | Number of Students |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Asian or Pacific Islander |  |
| b. Black or African American |  |
| c. Hispanic or Latino |  |
| d. Native American or Inuit |  |
| e. White or Caucasian |  |
| f. Biracial or multiracial | AUTOSUM |
| g. A race and/or ethnicity not listed here or unknown |  |
| Total |  |

[ERROR: If Q7 AUTOSUM $=$ Q4 AUTOSUM]

## Of those students listed in question 4:

$\qquad$ 8. Number of students who qualify for free or reduced lunch programs (whether the school participates in the program or not).
9. Number of students who requested any form of needs-based tuition assistance.
\$
10. Total amount requested for any form of needs-based tuition assistance
$\qquad$ 11. Number of students who received any form of tuition assistance
$\qquad$ 12. Do you have any International Students (those who came to this country specifically to attend school)? Yes/No
$\qquad$ 13. Are there any Boarding students at your facility? Yes/No
$\qquad$ 14. Is there a waiting list to get into your school? Yes/No
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For the academic school year 2022-2023:
15. Is this school a San Miguel or Cristo Rey School?a. Yes, San Miguelb. Yes, Cristo Rey c. No
16. What is the current base tuition? If this is a San Miguel or Cristo Rey School, please enter the average amount a family pays per student at your school. For tuition-based schools, the "base tuition" includes fees for a student who is the only student from a given family, before any allowances and discounts.
\$ $\qquad$
17. How much total financial aid was given in each of the following categories?

| a. Need-based aid (including work study) | $\$$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| b. Academic | $\$$ |
| c. Publicly funded voucher | $\$$ |
| d. Other aid (including multiple children discounts, faculty <br> discounts, and credits) | $\$$ |
| Total Aid | AUTOSUM |

18. What is your calculated cost per student? Divide your total operating budget by the number of students.
\$ $\qquad$ per student
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## Part II: Alumni

| 19. Alumni | Total Number of Alumni |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Male |  |
| b. Female |  |
| Total | AUTOSUM |

## Part III: Faculty and Staff

These next questions ask about the administration, faculty, and staff at the school. For each question, please count each faculty/staff person only once, and count them in the area in which they spend the majority of their time.

Number of full-time and part-time administrative staff by ecclesial status:

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 20. President |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21. Principal(s) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22. Assistant Principal(s) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23. Dean(s) of Students |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24. Other Administrators |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time faculty (teachers) by ecclesial status:

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 25. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time other professionals by ecclesial status: This includes Campus Ministers, Athletic Directors, Business/Finance Directors, Alumni Directors, Development Directors, Curriculum Coordinators, Directors of Admissions, Cafeteria Managers, Residential Counselors, Guidance Counselors, Librarians, and any others who need a degree for their position. Excludes faculty/teachers.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 27. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time support staff by ecclesial status: This includes all other employees not already counted, for example, cafeteria workers, custodians, bookstore managers, office workers, security personnel, administrative assistants, and others.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 29. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

<<SCREEN BREAK>>

## Total number of employees: AUTOSUM (020:030)

31. How would these individuals best be identified? This figure must sum to the total number of employees listed above.

| Ethnic Background | Number of Staff |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Asian or Pacific Islander |  |
| b. Black or African American |  |
| c. Hispanic or Latino |  |
| d. Native American or Inuit |  |
| e. White or Caucasian |  |
| f. Biracial or multiracial | AUTOSUM |
| g. A race and/or ethnicity not listed here or unknown |  |
| Total |  |

[ERROR: If Q31 AUTOSUM $=$ Total employees AUTOSUM]

## Part IV: Pastoral Ministry

These questions ask about pastoral ministers at your school; that is, those who are serving in part-time or full-time ministry as campus ministers, religion department faculty, and other Catholic mission/identity capacities. Employees already counted above can be included in these counts below if they also fill a pastoral ministry position at your school. Employees can be listed more than once if their position is applicable to more than one category.

Number of full-time and part-time campus ministers by ecclesial status:

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 32. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time religion/theology teachers by ecclesial status: Full time faculty who teach religion and other subjects are counted as full time; part time faculty who teach religion and other subjects are counted as part time.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 34. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time other Mission/Identity personnel by ecclesial status: Include mission/identity officer and staff.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

[Direct to submit screen]

## 2022 Annual Survey of Lasallian Region of North America Ministries: Colleges and Universities

## Directory Information

The 2022-2023 Annual Survey online contains the most recent data your school submitted. You need only to update any information that has changed from last year and fill in any missing information. These first questions will be used to generate the directory of ministries of the Lasallian Region of North America. Please update this information exactly as you would like it to appear in this directory.

## College/University Information:

College/University Name:
Street Address:
City, State/Province:
ZIP/Postal Code:
Telephone Number:
Fax Number:
Website Address:
Local Diocese:
Year this College/University
was Established:

## Leadership Information:

| President: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Telephone Number: | Email: |
| Provost: |  |
| Telephone Number: | Email: |
| Board Chair: | Email: |
| Telephone Number: |  |
| Head of Campus Ministry: | Email: |
| Telephone Number: | Email: |
| Communications Contact: |  |
| Telephone Number: | Email: |
| Mission/Identity Official/ <br> Director of Mission: |  |
| Telephone Number: | Email: |
| Director of Development: |  |
| Telephone Number: |  |

## Contact Information for the person completing this form:

Your name:
Your title:
Your phone number:
Your email address:
<<NEXT SCREEN>>

## Part I: Students

For the questions that follow, please refer to your college/university's data from the 2022-2023 academic year, as of September 30, 2022, unless otherwise noted.

| 1. How many students are enrolled as: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Please report the unduplicated head count |  |
|  | Total Number of Students |
| a. Undergraduate |  |
| b. Graduate |  |
| Total | AUTOSUM |

Total number of undergraduate students: AUTOSUM
Total number of graduate students: AUTOSUM

## Of those students listed in question 1, how many are:

| 2. Enrollment Status | Total Number of Students |
| :--- | :--- |
| Undergraduate |  |
| a. Part-time |  |
| b. Full-time | AUTOSUM |
| Total |  |
| Graduate |  |
| c. Part-time |  |
| d. Full-time | AUTOSUM |
| Total | AUTOSUM |
| Grand Total |  |

[ERROR: If Q2 Grand Total AUTOSUM $\neq$ Q1 AUTOSUM]
Of those undergraduate students listed in question 1, how many are:

| 3. Commuter Status | Total Number of Students |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Commuters |  |
| b. Boarders |  |
| Total | AUTOSUM |

[ERROR: If Q3 AUTOSUM $=$ Undergraduate AUTOSUM]

Of those undergraduate students listed in question 1, how many are:

| 4. Religious Affiliation | Total Number of Students |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Roman Catholic |  |
| b. Other Christian |  |
| c. Jewish |  |
| d. Muslim |  |
| e. Other faith |  |
| f. Nothing in particular |  |
| g. Data not available |  |
| Total | AUTOSUM |

[ERROR: If Q4 AUTOSUM $=$ Undergraduate AUTOSUM]
5. How would the students (both undergraduate and graduate) listed in question 1 best be identified?

| Ethnic Background | Number of Students |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Asian or Pacific Islander |  |
| b. Black or African American |  |
| c. Hispanic or Latino |  |
| d. Native American or Inuit |  |
| e. White or Caucasian |  |
| f. Biracial or multiracial | AUTOSUM |
| g. A race and/or ethnicity not listed here or unknown |  |
| Total |  |

[ERROR: If Q5 AUTOSUM $=$ Q1 AUTOSUM]

## Of those undergraduate and graduate students listed in question 1, how many:

$\qquad$ 6. Received any form of tuition assistance (such as a grant, scholarship, loan, tuition remission, or work study).
<<NEXT SCREEN>>

For the academic year 2022-2023:
7. What is the current tuition for a first-year undergraduate student?
\$ $\qquad$
8. What is the average room and board cost for a first-year undergraduate student?
\$ $\qquad$
9. How much financial aid was given in each of the following categories? Only include undergraduate students. Please note this clarification: include your University's funds and all other sources of funding (i.e. university, federal, government, state, foundations/associations). For each category below, include all fund types, i.e., scholarships, grants, and tuition remission.

| a. Need-based aid (including work study) | $\$$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| b. Academic | $\$$ |
| d. Other aid | $\$=$ |
| Total | AUTOSUM |

<<NEXT SCREEN>>

## Part II: Alumni

| 10. Alumni | Total Number of Alumni |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Male |  |
| b. Female |  |
| Total | AUTOSUM |

## Part III: Faculty, Staff, and Administrators

These next questions ask about the administration, faculty, and staff at the college/university. For each question, please count each faculty/staff person only once, and count them in the area in which they spend the majority of their time. Include full-time and part-time employees. If the institution has a foreign campus(es) in addition to its United States campus and the faculty/staff are considered to be officially part of your institution's faculty/staff, they are to be included in the counts below.

Number of full-time and part-time executive administrative staff by ecclesial status:

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11. President |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12. Vice President(s) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13. Provost |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. Academic Dean(s) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15. Other Administration |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time non-faculty professionals by ecclesial status:
Include Campus Ministers, Athletic Directors, Business/Finance Directors, Plant Managers, Alumni Directors, Development Directors, Curriculum Coordinators, Directors of Admissions, Directors of Food Services, Residential Counselors, Guidance Counselors, Librarians, and any others who need a degree for their position, excluding faculty.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 16. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time faculty by ecclesial status:

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 18. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time support staff by ecclesial status:
Includes secretaries, bookstore managers, office workers, cooks, security personnel, and others who generally do not need a degree for their position.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 20. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

<<SCREEN BREAK>>
Total number of employees: $\mathbf{\text { AUTOSUM (Q11:Q20) }}$
22. How would these individuals best be identified? This figure must sum to the total number of employees listed above.

| Ethnic Background | Number of Staff |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Asian or Pacific Islander |  |
| b. Black or African American |  |
| c. Hispanic or Latino |  |
| d. Native American or Inuit |  |
| e. White or Caucasian |  |
| f. Biracial or multiracial | AUTOSUM |
| g. A race and/or ethnicity not listed here or unknown |  |
| Total |  |

[ERROR: If Q22 AUTOSUM $=$ Total employees AUTOSUM]

Part IV: Pastoral Ministry, Religion/Theology Faculty, Mission Personnel
These questions ask about pastoral ministers at your college/university; that is, those who are serving in part-time or full-time ministry as campus ministers, religion department faculty, and other Catholic mission/identity capacities. Employees already counted above are to be included below if they also fill a pastoral ministry position at your college/university. Employees can be listed below more than once if their position is applicable to more than one category. Again, if the institution has a foreign campus in addition to its United States campus(es) and the faculty/staff are considered to be officially part of your institution's faculty/staff, they are also to be included in the counts below.

Number of full-time and part-time campus ministers by ecclesial status:

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 23. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time religion/theology faculty by ecclesial status: Include religion department director. Full-time faculty who teach religion/theology and other subjects are counted as full-time; part-time faculty who teach religion and other subjects are counted as part-time.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time other Mission/Identity personnel by ecclesial status: Include mission/identity officer and staff.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 27. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

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## 2022 Annual Survey of Lasallian Region of North America Ministries: Educational Centers

## Directory Information

The initial set of questions below on the 2022-2023 Annual Survey will be used to generate the directory of ministries of the Lasallian Region of North America. Please enter this information exactly as you would like it to appear in this directory.

## Educational Centers Data:

Center Name:
Street Address:
City, State/Province:
ZIP/Postal Code:
Telephone Number:
Fax Number:
Website Address:
Local Diocese:
Year this Center was
Established:
Leadership Information:

| President, CEO, or <br> Executive Director: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Telephone Number: | Email: |
| Board Chair: |  |
| Telephone Number: | Email: |
| Head of Campus Ministry: |  |
| Telephone Number: | Email: |
| Communications Contact: | Email: |
| Telephone Number: |  |
| Director of Development: | Email: |
| Telephone Number: |  |

## Contact Information for the Person Completing this Form:

Your name:
Your title:
Your phone number:
Your email address:
<<NEXT SCREEN>>

1. Which of the following does your center provide? Please check all that apply.a. Retreat centerb. Tutoring centerc. Summer campd. Adult/family learning centere. Other: $\qquad$
2. Which of the following best describes the appropriate entity with canonical responsibility for your center?

Note:

1. FSC: Refers to centers for which a District of the Brothers of the Christian Schools has canonical responsibility
2. Diocese: Refers to centers for which a diocese has canonical responsibility
3. Other: Neither a District of the Brothers of Christian Schools NOR a diocese has canonical responsibility; this includes centers for which another religious institute or organization has canonical responsibilitya. FSCb. Diocesec. Other (specify: $\qquad$ )

## <<NEXT SCREEN>>

## People Served:

Please complete the table below using the number of people served during the previous fiscal (or contract) year (i.e., your most current 12 -month period).

| 3. How many people under age 21 served at your center were: |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Males served: | Females served: | Total |
| a. Residential |  |  | AUTOSUM |
| b. Day |  |  | AUTOSUM |
| Total | AUTOSUM | AUTOSUM | Grand Total: <br> AUTOSUM |


| 4. How many people age 21 and over served at your center were: |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Males served: | Females served: | Total |
| a. Residential |  |  | AUTOSUM |
| b. Day |  |  | AUTOSUM |
| Total | AUTOSUM | AUTOSUM | Grand Total: <br> AUTOSUM |

## Total number of people served at your center: AUTOSUM

5. Does your program offer: Please select all that applya. Certificate in career/technical educationb. Credit for coursesc. Diplomad. None of the above (skip to question 9)

Of the total number of people served at your center, how many received academic credit from your agency in the following categories:

| 6. Academic credit in: | Total number of people served |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Elementary school |  |
| b. Middle school |  |
| c. High school |  |
| d. College (undergraduate) |  |
| e. College (graduate) |  |
| Total | AUTOSUM |

How many students completed your program with:
7. Certificate: $\qquad$
8. Diploma: $\qquad$
Total number of students receiving a certificate or diploma: AUTOSUM (Q7 + Q8) <<NEXT SCREEN>>

## Administration:

These next questions ask about the administration, faculty, and staff at the center. For each question, please count each faculty/staff person only once, and count them in the area in which they spend the majority of their time. Include full-time and part-time employees.

Number of full-time and part-time administrative staff by ecclesial status:

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9. Head Executive <br> (including President, <br> CEO, Executive Director, <br> Center Director, and <br> others) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Secondary Executives <br> (including Vice |  |  |  |  |  |
| President(s), Assistant <br> Director(s), and others) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11. Additional Executives <br> (including Activities |  |  |  |  |  |
| Director, Retreat Director <br> and others) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12. Other Administrators |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time non-faculty professionals by ecclesial status:
Include Campus Ministers, Athletic Directors, Business/Finance Directors, Plant Managers, Alumni Directors, Development Directors, Curriculum Coordinators, Directors of Admissions, Directors of Food Services, Residential Counselors/Managers, Librarians, and any others who need a degree for their position, excluding faculty.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 13. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time teaching faculty by ecclesial status:

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 15. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time direct service staff by ecclesial status:
Include Therapeutic support staff, Therapeutic Counselors, Guidance Counselors, Social Workers, Youth Care Workers, and others.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 17. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time support staff by ecclesial status:
Includes secretaries, bookstore managers, office workers, cooks, security personnel, and others who generally do not need a degree for their position.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 19. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

## <<SCREEN BREAK>>

Total number of employees: AUTOSUM (Q9:Q20)
21. How would these individuals best be identified? This figure must sum to the total number of employees listed above in questions 9 through 20.

| Ethnic Background | Number of Staff |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Asian or Pacific Islander |  |
| b. Black or African American |  |
| c. Hispanic or Latino |  |
| d. Native American or Inuit |  |
| e. White or Caucasian |  |
| f. Biracial or multiracial | AUTOSUM |
| g. A race and/or ethnicity not listed here or unknown |  |
| Total |  |

[ERROR: If Q21 AUTOSUM $\neq$ Total employees AUTOSUM]

## Pastoral Ministry

These questions ask about pastoral ministers at your center; that is, those who are serving in parttime or full-time ministry as campus ministers, religion department faculty or staff, and other Catholic mission/identity capacities. Employees already counted above are to be included below if they also fill a pastoral ministry position at your center. Employees can be listed below more than once if their position is applicable to more than one category.

Number of full-time and part-time campus ministers by ecclesial status:
Include campus ministry director and staff.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 22. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time religion/theology faculty by ecclesial status: Full-time faculty who teach religion/theology and other subjects are counted as full time; part-time faculty who teach religion and other subjects are counted as part-time.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 24. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time other mission/identity personnel by ecclesial status: Include mission/identity officer and staff.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 26. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time unpaid volunteers you have by ecclesial status:

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

<<Direct to submit screen>>

## 2022 Annual Survey of Lasallian Region of North America Ministries for Youth and Family Services

## Directory Information

The initial set of questions below on the 2022-2023 Annual Survey will be used to generate the directory of ministries of the Lasallian Region of North America. Please enter this information exactly as you would like it to appear in this directory.

## Youth and Family Services Data:

Agency Name:
Street Address:
City, State/Province:
ZIP/Postal Code:
Telephone Number:
Fax Number:
Website Address:
Local Diocese:
Year this Service was
Established:

## Leadership Information:

| President, CEO, or <br> Executive Director: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Telephone Number: | Email: |
| Board Chair: | Email: |
| Telephone Number: |  |
| Principal/Curriculum <br> Director | Email: |
| Telephone Number | Email: |
| Head of Campus Ministry: | Email: |
| Telephone Number: |  |
| Communications Contact: | Email: |
| Telephone Number: |  |
| Director of Development: |  |
| Telephone Number: |  |

## Contact Information for the Person Completing this Form:

Your name:
Your title:
Your phone number:
Your email address:
<<NEXT SCREEN>>

1. Which of the following does your youth and family service agency provide? Please check all that apply.a. Special education centerb. Adjudicated youth program
c. Group homed. Counseling and support programe. Tutoring centerf. Other:
2. Which of the following best describes the appropriate entity with canonical responsibility for your service?

Note:

1. FSC: Refers to services for which a District of the Brothers of the Christian Schools has canonical responsibility
2. Diocese: Refers to services for which a diocese has canonical responsibility
3. Other: Neither a District of the Brothers of Christian Schools NOR a diocese has canonical responsibility; this includes services for which another religious institute or organization has canonical responsibilitya. FSCb. Diocesec. Other (specify: $\qquad$

## <<NEXT SCREEN>>

## People Served:

Please complete the table below using the total number served for the previous fiscal (or contract) year.

| 3. How many people under age 21 served at your service were: |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Males served: | Females served: | Total |
| a. Residential |  |  | AUTOSUM |
| b. Day |  |  | AUTOSUM |
| Total | AUTOSUM | AUTOSUM | Grand Total: <br> AUTOSUM |


| 4. How many people age 21 and over served at your service were: |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Males served: | Females served: | Total |
| a. Residential |  |  | AUTOSUM |
| b. Day |  |  | AUTOSUM |
| Total | AUTOSUM | AUTOSUM | Grand Total: <br> AUTOSUM |

## Total number of people served at your service: AUTOSUM

5. Does your program offer: Please select all that applya. Certificate in career/technical educationb. Credit for coursesc. Diplomad. None of the above (skip to question 9)

Of the total number of people served at your program, how many received academic credit from your agency in the following categories:

| 6. Academic credit in: | Total number of people served |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Elementary school |  |
| b. Middle school |  |
| c. High school |  |
| d. College (undergraduate) |  |
| e. College (graduate) |  |
| Total | AUTOSUM |

How many students completed your program with:
7. Certificate: $\qquad$
8. Diploma: $\qquad$
Total number of students receiving a certificate or diploma: AUTOSUM (Q7 + Q8) <<NEXT SCREEN>>

## Administration:

These next questions ask about the administration, faculty, and staff at the agency. For each question, please count each faculty/staff person only once, and count them in the area in which they spend the majority of their time. Include full-time and part-time employees.

Number of full-time and part-time administrative staff by ecclesial status:

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9. Head Executive <br> (including President, <br> CEO, Executive Director, <br> Center Director, and <br> others) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Secondary Executives <br> (including Vice |  |  |  |  |  |
| President(s), Assistant <br> Director(s), and others) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11. Additional Executives <br> (including Director of <br> Treatment, Director of <br> Social Services, Dean of <br> Students, and others) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12. Other Administration |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time non-faculty professionals by ecclesial status:
Include Campus Ministers, Athletic Directors, Business/Finance Directors, Plant Managers, Alumni Directors, Development Directors, Curriculum Coordinators, Directors of Admissions, Directors of Food Services, Group Living Managers, Librarians, and any others who need a degree for their position, excluding faculty.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 13. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time teaching faculty by ecclesial status:

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 15. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time direct service staff by ecclesial status:
Include Therapeutic support staff, Therapeutic Counselors, Guidance Counselors, Social Workers, Residential Counselors, Youth Care Workers, and others.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 17. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time support staff by ecclesial status:
Includes secretaries, bookstore managers, office workers, cooks, security, and others who generally do not need a degree for their position.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 19. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

## <<SCREEN BREAK>>

Total number of employees: AUTOSUM (Q9:Q20)
21. How would these individuals best be identified? This figure must sum to the total number of employees listed above.

| Ethnic Background | Number of Staff |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Asian or Pacific Islander |  |
| b. Black or African American |  |
| c. Hispanic or Latino |  |
| d. Native American or Inuit |  |
| e. White or Caucasian |  |
| f. Biracial or multiracial | AUTOSUM |
| g. A race and/or ethnicity not listed here or unknown |  |
| Total |  |

[ERROR: If Q21 AUTOSUM $\neq$ Total employees AUTOSUM]

## Pastoral Ministry

These questions ask about pastoral ministers at your program; that is, those who are serving in part-time or full-time ministry as campus ministers, religion department faculty or staff, and other Catholic mission/identity capacities. Employees already counted above are to be included below if they also fill a pastoral ministry position at your center. Employees can be listed below more than once if their position is applicable to more than one category.

Number of full-time and part-time campus ministers by ecclesial status:
Include campus ministry director and staff.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 22. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time religion/theology faculty by ecclesial status: Full-time faculty who teach religion/theology and other subjects are counted as full time; part-time faculty who teach religion and other subjects are counted as part-time.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 24. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time other mission/identity personnel by ecclesial status:
Include mission/identity officer and staff.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 26. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

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## 2022 Annual Survey of Lasallian Region of North America Ministries: Support Ministries

## Directory Information

These first questions will be used to generate the directory of ministries in the Lasallian Region of North America. Please update this information exactly as you would like it to appear in this directory.

## Support Ministry Information:

Full Ministry Name:
Street Address:
City, State:
ZIP/Postal Code:
Telephone Number:
Fax Number:
Website Address:
Local Diocese:
Year Established:

## Leadership Information:

| President, CEO, or <br> Executive Director: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Telephone Number: | Email: |
| Board Chair: |  |
| Telephone Number: | Email: |
| Communications Contact: |  |
| Telephone Number: | Email: |
| Director of Development: |  |
| Telephone Number: |  |

## Contact Information for the Person Completing this Form:

Your name:
Your title:
Your phone number:
Your email address:
<<NEXT SCREEN>>

For the questions that follow, please include current data from the 2022-2023 academic year unless otherwise noted.

Number of full-time and part-time administrative staff by ecclesial status:

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. President |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Vice President(s) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Other Administration |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full-time and part-time staff by ecclesial status:

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Total number of employees: AUTOSUM (Q1:Q5)
6. How would these individuals best be identified? This figure must sum to the total number of employees listed above.

| Ethnic Background | Number of Staff |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Asian or Pacific Islander |  |
| b. Black or African American |  |
| c. Hispanic or Latino |  |
| d. Native American or Inuit |  |
| e. White or Caucasian |  |
| f. Biracial or multiracial | AUTOSUM |
| g. A race and/or ethnicity not listed here or unknown |  |
| Total |  |

[ERROR: If Q6 AUTOSUM $\neq$ Total employees AUTOSUM]
<<Direct to submit screen>>

## 2022 Annual Survey of Lasallian Region of North America Ministries: District and Regional Offices and Census of Brothers

## Directory Information

The initial set of questions below on the 2022-2023 Annual Survey will be used to generate the directory of ministries of the Lasallian Region of North America. Please enter this information exactly as you would like it to appear in this directory.

## Primary District Office:

District Name:
Street Address:
City, State/Province:
ZIP/Postal Code:
Telephone Number:
Fax Number:
Website Address:
Local Diocese:

## Leadership Information:

| District Visitor / Region Head: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Telephone Number: | Email: |
| District Director of <br> Mission/Education: |  |
| Telephone Number: | Email: |

## Contact Information for the person completing this form:

Your name:
Your title:
Your phone number:
Your email address:
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1. How many satellite offices are located in this District/Region, including your main office?
$\qquad$ office(s)
2. Please list the name, city and state for each of the satellite offices in this District/Region:

| Name | City | State |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. |  |  |
| b. |  |  |
| c. |  |  |
| d. |  |  |
| e. |  |  |
| f. |  |  |
| g. |  |  |
| h. |  |  |
| i. | j. |  |

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As of September 30, 2022, the number of full-time and part-time district/regional administrators by ecclesial status:
Include: Visitors, Auxiliary Visitors, and the directors of education, vocation promotion, formation, finance, development, and other equivalent positions.

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of full and part time district/regional office staff by ecclesial status:

|  | FSC | Lay woman | Lay man | Woman religious | Priest or other <br> male religious |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5. Full time |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6. Part time |  |  |  |  |  |

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Total number of employees: AUTOSUM (03:Q6)
7. How would these individuals best be identified? This figure must sum to the total number of employees listed above.

| Ethnic Background | Number of Staff |
| :--- | :--- |
| a. Asian or Pacific Islander |  |
| b. Black or African American |  |
| c. Hispanic or Latino |  |
| d. Native American or Inuit |  |
| e. White or Caucasian |  |
| f. Biracial or multiracial | AUTOSUM |
| g. A race and/or ethnicity not listed here or unknown |  |
| Total |  |

[ERROR: If Q7 AUTOSUM $=$ Total employees AUTOSUM]

## Other Apostolates of the Brothers

For this part of the survey, please think of all of the Brothers of the Christian Schools in your district who are serving in non-Lasallian ministries in your District. These ministries are professional in nature. They are either the normal professional activity of the Brother or the unpaid work whose impact is greater than that of a simple personal charitable commitment.

Examples of these ministries include: writing books, research, training teachers, teaching in schools or higher education not in the Lasallian Region of North America, working for a diocese or parish office, or other ministries not yet counted in other ways in these surveys.

Using the grid below, please list the name of the organization for which the Brother(s) works, the city and state of the organization, the type of organization, and a brief description of the type of ministry. Also, list the number of Brothers working at the organization.

| Name of the Organization | City | State | Type of <br> Organization | Ministry Description | Number of <br> Brothers |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Etc. |  |  |  |  |  |

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## Census of Brothers in the Lasallian Region of North America

Finally, for this part of the survey, please think of all of the Brothers of the Christian Schools in your District. Then, count each one only once in a ministry below. Each Brother should be counted in only one category. Please complete the census of the Brothers as of September 30, 2022.

| Ministry Type | Number of <br> Brothers |
| :--- | :--- |
| 29. PK-12 Schools |  |
| 30. Higher Education |  |
| 31. Overseas Apostolates |  |
| 32. Institute/Regional/District <br> offices |  |
| 33. Youth and Family Services |  |
| 34. Other Apostolates |  |
| 35. On Study |  |
| 36. Caregivers | AUTOSUM |
| 37. Retired |  |
| Total Number of Brothers |  |

[Direct to submit screen]


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ The exception is Part III about the educational centers, as two of the 11 did not respond to this survey. In total in fiscal year 2022-2023, there are 96 ministries and offices in RELAN.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ Throughout this report, due to rounding errors, the sum of the percentages does not always total 100 percent. Also,
    " $<1$ " denotes percentage values that are less than 0.5 percent.
    ${ }^{3}$ Note: these are the unedited responses from the data file.

[^2]:    ${ }^{4}$ Each of the Districts is defined as such:

    - DENA: District of Eastern North America: includes Maryland, the District of Columbia, Michigan, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, Toronto, Canada, Puerto Rico, and Jamaica.
    - Midwest: The Midwest District: includes Ohio, Tennessee, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Oklahoma, Missouri, and Montana.
    - SFNO: The San Francisco-New Orleans District: includes Arizona, California, Colorado, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oregon, Texas, and Washington. Shares ministries with North Mexico in Tijuana.

[^3]:    ${ }^{5}$ The four schools categorized as elementary are those offering preschool to grade 7 (one school), grades 3 to 8 (one school), and grades 4 to 8 (two schools). The nine schools categorized as middle schools offer grades 5 to 8 (four schools) and grades 6 to 8 (five schools). The one school categorized as elementary/high schools offers grades kindergarten to 12. The seven schools categorized as middle-high school offer grades 5 to 12 (two schools), grades 6 to 12 (two schools), and grades 7 to 12 (three schools). Those 42 schools categorized as high schools include those offering grades 8 to 12 (three schools) and grades 9 to 12 ( 39 schools).

[^4]:    ${ }^{6}$ According to the National Catholic Educational Association's 2021-2022 national statistics, 1.4 percent of Catholic elementary schools (which includes middle schools) and 27.9 percent of all Catholic secondary schools (which includes middle-high schools) are single-gender. Source: Annie Smith, Sarah Huber, United States Catholic Elementary and Secondary Schools 2021-2022: The Annual Statistical Report on Schools, Enrollment and Staffing. Arlington, Virginia: NCEA, p. 11.

[^5]:    ${ }^{7}$ Source: Annie Smith, Sarah Huber, United States Catholic Elementary and Secondary Schools 2021-2022: The Annual Statistical Report on Schools, Enrollment and Staffing. Arlington, Virginia: NCEA, p. 19.

[^6]:    ${ }^{8}$ This is the second year that this calculation is being presented. The three schools that did not report any faculty members are excluded from this analysis. At the overall level, the calculation is 35,397 students to 2,641 faculty members. At the elementary school level, the calculation is 1,789 students to 175 faculty members. At the secondary level, the calculation is 32,859 students to 2,423 faculty members. (See https://www.calculator.net/ratiocalculator.html).
    ${ }^{9}$ Source: Annie Smith, Sarah Huber, United States Catholic Elementary and Secondary Schools 2021-2022: The Annual Statistical Report on Schools, Enrollment and Staffing. Arlington, Virginia: NCEA, p. 25.

[^7]:    ${ }^{10}$ Source: Annie Smith, Sarah Huber, United States Catholic Elementary and Secondary Schools 2021-2022: The Annual Statistical Report on Schools, Enrollment and Staffing. Arlington, Virginia: NCEA, p. 23.

[^8]:    ${ }^{11}$ Source: Annie Smith, Sarah Huber, United States Catholic Elementary and Secondary Schools 2021-2022: The Annual Statistical Report on Schools, Enrollment and Staffing. Arlington, Virginia: NCEA, p. 23.

[^9]:    ${ }^{12}$ Source: Annie Smith, Sarah Huber, United States Catholic Elementary and Secondary Schools 2021-2022: The Annual Statistical Report on Schools, Enrollment and Staffing. Arlington, Virginia: NCEA, p. 22-23. The categories used by NCEA are: American Indian/Native Alaskan, Asian, Black, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, Multiracial, White, and Unknown, with Hispanic/Latino asked about in a separate question. As the categories on the survey are not the same as those used by NCEA, the table presents estimated calculated national figures, with Hispanic/Latino percentage subtracted from the percentage White.

[^10]:    ${ }^{13}$ See United States Department of Agriculture School Meals Guidelines, available: http://www.fns.usda.gov/cnd/governance/notices/iegs/IEGs10-11.htm

[^11]:    ${ }^{14}$ Source: Annie Smith, Sarah Huber, United States Catholic Elementary and Secondary Schools 2021-2022: The Annual Statistical Report on Schools, Enrollment and Staffing. Arlington, Virginia: NCEA, pp. 2, 29. Calculated by CARA, dividing the 215,261 students eligible into the total number of Catholic school students nationally, 1,688,471.

[^12]:    ${ }^{15}$ Source: Annie Smith, Sarah Huber, United States Catholic Elementary and Secondary Schools 2021-2022: The Annual Statistical Report on Schools, Enrollment and Staffing. Arlington, Virginia: NCEA, p. 19.

[^13]:    ${ }^{16}$ Two DENA high schools and one DENA middle-high school did not respond to this question.
    ${ }^{17}$ Source: Annie Smith, Sarah Huber, United States Catholic Elementary and Secondary Schools 2021-2022: The Annual Statistical Report on Schools, Enrollment and Staffing. Arlington, Virginia: NCEA, p. 19.

[^14]:    ${ }^{18}$ Note: These figures are for those schools that offer each of these types of financial aid. Responses of zero were excluded from analysis.

[^15]:    ${ }^{19}$ One middle school and one high school in the Midwest District, one high school in DENA, and one high school in SFNO do not have a president.

[^16]:    ${ }^{20}$ One middle school and one high school in the Midwest District, one high school in DENA, and one high school in SFNO do not have a president.

[^17]:    ${ }^{21}$ Three SFNO high schools and one SFNO middle school do not have principals, with one DENA high school and one DENA middle school also reporting no principals. One SFNO elementary school has four principals (three lay men and one lay woman). Schools reporting two principals each are a DENA elementary-high school (two lay women), one Midwest District middle school (two lay women), and one SFNO high school (one lay man and one lay woman).

[^18]:    ${ }^{22}$ Three SFNO high schools and one SFNO middle school do not have principals, with one DENA high school and one DENA middle school also reporting no principals. One SFNO elementary school has four principals (three lay men and one lay woman). Schools reporting two principals each are a DENA elementary-high school (two lay women), one Midwest District middle school (two lay women), and one SFNO high school (one lay man and one lay woman).

[^19]:    ${ }^{23}$ Source: Mark M. Gray, The Annual Financial Report Catholic Elementary and Secondary Schools in the United States 2020-2021. Arlington, Virginia: NCEA, p. 14.

[^20]:    ${ }^{24}$ The ethnic background was identified for 4,411 of the total 4,643 staff.

[^21]:    ${ }^{25}$ Includes teachers counted above as campus ministers. Respondents were instructed to count full-time teachers teaching religion and other subjects as full-time religion teachers, and to count part-time teachers teaching religion and other subjects as part-time religion teachers.

[^22]:    ${ }^{26}$ Note that some staff may be double counted as campus ministers and religion faculty.

[^23]:    ${ }^{27}$ Note that the lowest tuition is charged by Bethlehem University, the international Lasallian university.

[^24]:    ${ }^{28}$ Note that because none of the students at Bethlehem University are boarders, the university did not respond to this question. Thus, the figures presented are for U.S. colleges/universities only.

[^25]:    ${ }^{29}$ This excludes Bethlehem University since it has no boarders.

[^26]:    ${ }^{30}$ Most recent source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), (IPEDS Table 315.10); and IPEDS Fall 1970 through Fall 2018. See Digest of Education Statistics 2019.

[^27]:    ${ }^{31}$ Two educational centers, one in DENA and one in SFNO, did not respond to the survey. All educational centers in Francophone Canada responded.

[^28]:    ${ }^{32}$ Each administrator is counted only once, in the area in which they spend the most time.

[^29]:    ${ }^{33}$ Each administrator is counted only once, in the area in which they spend the most time.

